Waimakariri District Council Proposed Waimakariri District Plan

Recommendations of the IHP Hearings Panel

Recommendation Report 22

Hearing Streams 7B and 12E(B)-Variation 1 (excluding Airport Matters¹ and Ōhoka rezoning²)

This report should be read in conjunction with **Report 1** and **Recommendation Reports 2 and 3.**

Report 1 contains an explanation of how the recommendations in all subsequent reports have been developed and presented, along with a glossary of terms used throughout the reports, a record of all Panel Minutes, a record of the recommendation reports and a summary of overarching recommendations. It does not contain any recommendations per se.

Recommendation Report 2 contains the PDP Panel's recommendations on the PDP's Part 2: District-wide Matters – Strategic directions - SD Strategic directions objectives and policies.

Recommendation Report 3 contains the PDP Panel's recommendations on the PDP's Part 2: District-wide Matters – Strategic directions - UFD Urban Form and Development objectives and policies.

¹ Hearing Stream 10A

² Hearing Stream 12D

Recommendation Report 29 contains the IHP's recommendations on submissions relating to the Airport Noise Contour which is directly pertinent to some of the rezoning requests that the PDP Panel considered in Hearing Stream 12E.

Appendix 1: Schedule of attendances

Appendix 2: Recommended amendments to the Proposed Plan - Tracked from notified version (provisions not consequentially renumbered)

The Independent Hearings Panel for the purposes of **Variation 1** comprised Commissioners Gina Sweetman (Chair), Allan Cubitt, Gary Rae and Megen McKay.

1. Introduction

Report outline and approach

- 1. This is Report 22 of 36 Recommendation Reports prepared by the PDP and IPI Hearings Panels appointed to hear and make recommendations on submissions on the Proposed Waimakariri District Plan (PDP) and Variation 1 to the PDP.
- 2. This report has been prepared by the IHP only, as it relates solely to Variation 1, which was an Intensification Planning Instrument (IPI) prepared in accordance with the Resource Management (Enabling Housing and Other Matters) Amendment Act (Enabling Act).
- 3. The purpose, scope and reasons for Variation 1 are addressed in Report 1 and we do not repeat those here. However, it is important that readers of this report are aware of the relevant sections and clauses of the Act regarding an IPI, our recommendations and Council's decision.
- 4. The report addresses the amendments to chapters of the PDP made through Variation 1 and the submissions received on those provisions. Variation 1 proposed changes to the following chapters:
 - General Approach
 - National Policy Statements and New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement
 - Relationships between Spatial Layers
 - Strategic Directions
 - Energy and Infrastructure
 - Transport
 - Historic Heritage
 - Notable Trees
 - Natural Character of Freshwater Bodies
 - Subdivision
 - General Objectives and Policies for All Residential Zones
 - General Residential Zone
 - Medium Density Residential Zone
 - Matters of Discretion for All Residential Zones
 - Town Centre Zone
 - Local Centre Zone
 - Mixed Use Zone
 - Neighbourhood Centre Zone
 - Open Space Zone
 - Sport and Active Recreation Zone
 - SouthBelt
 - Hospital
- 5. Most of the changes to these chapters related to introducing text relevant to qualifying matters and introducing mandatory text required under the Enabling Act, with the

substance of the proposed amendments being in the Relationship between Spatial Layers, Medium Density Residential Zone, Subdivision Chapter and height provisions in the Neighbourhood Centre and Local Centre Zones.

- 6. Variation 1 also proposed rezoning some land to Medium Density Residential, including existing residential areas and new Development Areas. The report also addresses submissions made on Variation 1 that sought rezoning of land additional to land that the Council proposed rezoning through Variation 1.
- 7. This report on Variation 1 does not address matters relating to the Airport that were heard in Hearing Stream 10A or the Rolleston Industrial Development Ltd and Carter Group submission seeking rezoning of land at Ōhoka that was dealt with in Hearing Stream 12D. Our recommendations on those matters are found in Reports 29 and 34 The IHP's recommendations in respect to Airport Noise are relevant to this Report and should be read in conjunction with this Report.
- 8. It is important that people understand that Variation 1 did not propose to replace any of the Chapters it amended in their entirety and was rather limited to specific amendments to give effect to the requirements of an IPI. Accordingly, the recommendations in this report are limited to matters relating to Variation 1 and our recommended amendments need to be read alongside the PDP recommendation report on the relevant chapters. Further, there are some PDP recommended amendments that fall away because of our recommended amendments in response to Variation 1.
- 9. We have structured our discussion on this topic as follows:
 - (a) **Section 2** summarises the key issues discussed in this report;
 - (b) Sections 3 19 contains our evaluation of key issues and our recommendations; and
 - (c) Section 20 contains our conclusions.
- 10. This Recommendation Report contains the following appendices:
 - (a) **Appendix 1: Schedule of attendances** at the hearing on this topic. We refer to the parties concerned and the evidence they presented throughout this Recommendation Report, where relevant.
 - (b) Appendix 2: Recommended amendments to Variation 1 to the Proposed Plan Tracked from notified version. This sets out the final amendments we recommend be made to Variation 1 as notified. The amendments show the specific wording of the amendments we have recommended and are shown in a 'tracked change' format showing changes from the notified version of the PDP and Variation 1 for ease of reference.
 - (c) These amendments also show our final recommended amendments which bring over the PDP Hearing Panel's recommended amendments to the PDP addressed

through the relevant topic reports. We address how we have addressed any discrepancies between the PDP Hearing Panel's recommendations and Variation 1 recommendations in the body of this report. Where whole provisions have been deleted or added, we have not shown any consequential renumbering, as this method maintains the integrity of how the submitters and s42A Report authors have referred to specific provisions, and our analysis of these in the Recommendation Reports. Deleted provisions are shown as struck out, with no subsequential renumbering in either case.

- 11. The requirements in clause 10 of the First Schedule of the Act and s32AA are relevant to our considerations of the PDP provisions and the submissions received on those provisions. These are outlined in full in Report 1. In summary, these provisions require among other things:
 - (a) our evaluation to be focussed on changes to the proposed provisions arising since the notification of Variation 1 and its s32 reports;
 - (b) the provisions to be examined as to whether they are the most appropriate way to achieve the objectives; and
 - (c) as part of that examination, that:
 - i. reasonable alternatives within the scope afforded by submissions on the provisions and corresponding evidence are considered;
 - ii. the efficiency and effectiveness of the provisions is assessed;
 - iii. the reasons for our recommendations are summarised; and
 - iv. our report contains a level of detail commensurate with the scale and significance of the changes recommended.
- 12. We have not produced a separate evaluation report under s32AA. Where we have adopted the recommendations of Council's s42A report authors, we have adopted their reasoning, unless expressly stated otherwise. This includes the s32AA assessments attached to the relevant s42A Reports and/or Reply Reports. Those reports are part of the public record and are available on the Council website. Where our recommendation differs from the s42A report authors' recommendations, we have incorporated our s32AA evaluation into the body of our report as part of our reasons for recommended amendments, as opposed to including this in a separate table or appendix.
- 13. A fuller discussion of our approach in this respect is set out in Report 1.

2. Matters discussed in this report

- 14. As outlined earlier, the substance of the proposed amendments in Variation 1 were in respect to the following Chapters:
 - (a) Relationship between Spatial Layers,
 - (b) Medium Density Residential Zone,
 - (c) Matters of Discretion for All Residential Zones,
 - (d) Subdivision Chapter and
 - (e) Neighbourhood Centre and Local Centre Zones.

- 15. Submissions on Variation 1 also included rezoning requests.
- Recommendations on submissions in respect to most of these matters were provided in s42A reports, preliminary responses to questions and reply reports in Hearing Streams 7B and 12E. We note that the recommendations in respect to submissions on the Subdivision Chapter are contained in the Reply Report for Hearing Stream 7B.
- 17. The issues in contention on Variation 1 addressed in this report are:
 - (a) A new Height Control Area around Rangiora and MRZ-P3
 - (b) New MRZ-P4
 - (c) MRZ-R1
 - (d) MRZ-R2, MRZ-R17 and MRZ-BFS1 (Residential Units and Multi unit residential development)
 - (e) MRZ-R19 (Retirement village)
 - (f) Proposed new rule for Land use within the National Grid Yard / Subdivision Corridor
 - (g) MRZ-BFS4
 - (h) MRZ-BFS5
 - (i) MRZ-BFS6
 - (j) MRZ-BFS7 and Table RSL-1 Qualifying Matters Sunlight Access
 - (k) MRZ-BFS8
 - (I) RES-MD2
 - (m) RES-MD12
 - (n) RES-MD14
 - (o) RES-MD17
 - (p) Rezoning requests
- 18. We record that all submissions on the provisions relating to Variation 1 been taken into account in our deliberations. In general, submissions in support of Variation 1 have not been discussed but are accepted or accepted in part. More detailed descriptions of the submissions and key issues can be found in the relevant s42A Reports and written Reply Reports, which are available on the Council's website. Original submissions have been accepted or rejected as recommended by the s42A report author unless otherwise stated in our Recommendation Reports. Further submissions are either accepted or rejected or rejected as recommendations on the original submission to which the further submission relates.

3. A new Height Control Area around Rangiora and MRZ-P3

Overview

19. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-P3, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provisions	Panel recommendations
MRZ-P3	Amend the chapeau to the policy so that it reads
	"Enable development to achieve the character
	and amenity values and planned built form
	anticipated for the zone". Replace "high" with
	"medium" at the start of clause 1.

Amendments and Reasons

- 20. The submissions we address here are those of Retirement Villages Association of NZ Inc, Kainga Ora and Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd³ seeking amendments to MRZ-P3. Our particular focus is the submission from Kainga Ora which sought amendments to the policy itself, and inclusion of specific reference to increased height opportunities around the Rangiora Town Centre. Kainga Ora sought a series of amendments to other MRZ provisions to introduce the new height control area.
- 21. The report author proposed amendments to the chapeau of the policy in response to Kainga Ora's submission. We agree with his recommended amendment to the start of the chapeau of the policy. However, we preferred Ms Dale's evidence to include specific reference to the "planned built form" as this language is consistent with the NPS-UD. We also preferred Ms Dale's evidence that the term "high" at the start of clause 1 should be replaced with "medium" at the start of clause 1, as this is consistent with the focus of this zone.
- 22. In respect of Kainga Ora's requested new height control area located around the Rangiora Town Centre, we accept and prefer Mr Wilson's recommendation to reject the submission. In addition to the reasons offered by Mr Wilson, we also consider that an 18 or 19m height limit would not be consistent with the height limit in the Town Centre Zone, which we note the PDP Hearings Panel has recommended be 15m, with a higher 21m applying to the Residential Height Bonus Area Precinct. We did consider applying a 15m height limit as partial relief to the Kainga Ora submission, however, we ultimately concurred with Mr Wilson in the final recommended provisions he provided to us, that the height limit of 11m (to a maximum of 12m) set through MRZ-BFS4 would be a more appropriate outcome.
- 23. We therefore recommend that the Kainga Ora submission be accepted in part.

4. New MRZ-P4

Overview, amendment and reasons

24. During the course of the hearing, we questioned the s42A report author whether RLZ-P15, specific to the MDRS, was best located the overarching objectives and policies for all the Residential Zones, or whether it would be better locate in the MRZ objectives and policies. Mr Wilson advised that he considered this policy should be relocated to the

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ V1 67.16, V1 80.42 and V79.7

MRZ Chapter, as new MRZ-P4. He was of the view that this could occur as a minor amendment under Clause 16(2) of Schedule 1.

25. We concur with Mr Wilson that the best location of this policy is within the MRZ Chapter. However, our view is that this is more than a Clause 16(2) amendment. Given that this was an issue raised through the course of the hearing, we recommend that this amendment occurs as a Clause 99 Schedule 1 amendment. We consider no parties will be disadvantaged by the relocation of the policy, and rather it will create a more coherent policy framework.

5. Recommended MRZ-RXX

Overview

26. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to the recommended new MRZ-RXX, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provisions	Panel recommendations
MRZ-RXX	Amend this to an advisory note, as this is not a
	rule.

Amendments and reasons

27. The submission we refer to here is that of Waimakariri District Council⁴ which sought a new rule be included to identify that there are additional qualifying matters in other chapters that apply in addition to the Zone provisions. We generally accept this is useful for Plan Users. However, we recommend that this is more appropriately addressed as an Advisory Note, given there are no activity statuses in the recommended table, or default statuses. There is no requirement in the Enabling Act that all rules introduced through an IPI be in the one Medium Density Residential Zone Chapter. We recommend the submission be accepted in part.

6. MRZ-R1

Overview

28. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-R1, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provisions	Panel recommendations
MRZ-R1	Do not include the clause stating "this rule
	applies to permanently relocated buildings" and
	the default wording related to district wide
	provisions.

Amendments and reasons

29. The submission we refer to here is that of Waimakariri District Council⁵ which sought that a new clause relating to the default for district-wide matters be included in the default activity column. We recommend that this clause be deleted for the simple reason that this approach is inconsistent with the rest of the PDP as a whole, and with the explanations set out in the "How the plan works" section of the PDP. Accordingly, we recommend that the submission point be rejected.

7. MRZ-R2, MRZ-R17 and MRZ-BFS1 – Residential Units and Multi unit residential development

Overview

30. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-R2, MRZ-R17 and MRZ-BFS1, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations
MRZ-R2	Combine clauses 1 and 2
	Delete clause 3
MRZ-R17	Delete the rule in its entirety
MRZ-BFS1	Include RESZ-MD7 as being relevant

- 31. The submission we are considering here is primarily that from Kainga Ora⁶ which sought that MRZ-R2 be deleted as notified and combined with MRZ-R18 and that the reference to multi-unit development is removed. In respect of MRZ-BFS1, they sought that the airport noise qualifying matter be deleted and certainty be given as to how the natural hazards qualifying matter applies. Otherwise, they supported the inclusion of the mandatory matter.
- 32. Firstly, for the same reasons as we recommend for MRZ-R1, we recommend that clause 3 relating to district-wide matters be deleted.
- 33. We carefully considered Mr Wilson's and Ms Dale's evidence as to whether both MRZ-R2 and MRZ-R17 are required. We preferred Ms Dale's evidence and her requested relief that these two rules be combined into one rule. Simply, we agree that the rules are duplicative, in that a development involving more than three residential units on site would require a consent under both MRZ-R2 and MRZ-BFS1 as a restricted discretionary activity and under MRZ-R17 as a restricted discretionary activity. The only difference between the two outcomes is the provision of a design certificate is a condition of Rule

⁵ V1 47.1

⁶ V1 80.44 and 80.46

17. We could not find a definition for a design certificate or any description of what this would entail, or how it would be assessed and implemented, and therefore we consider that this condition could not be implemented consistently or enforced. We also noted that where a design certificate is not provided the default is to a discretionary activity, and that the matters of discretion for the rule include RES-MD2 which will require express consideration of the residential design principles, which we consider adequately addresses the deletion of the certificate.

- 34. With the removal of the requirement for a design certificate, the only other difference is in the matters of discretion, with MRZ-R17 including RES-MD7 and MRZ-BFS1 does not. We consider that the best means of reconciling these is by deleting MRZ-R17 and amending MRZ-BFS1 for where there is more than three residential units to include RES-MD7 as a relevant matter of discretion.
- 35. Accordingly, we recommend that the Kainga Ora submission is accepted in part.

8. MRZ-R18

Overview

36. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-R18, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations
MRZ-R18	Delete the clause requiring the provision of a
	design statement.
	Delete the default activity status of DIS

Amendments and reasons

37. The submissions we refer to here are those of Retirement Villages Association⁷ which sought that the requirements for a design statement be deleted and the rule amended to be a permitted activity. We agree with Mr Wilson that a permitted activity status is not appropriate for an activity the size and scale of a retirement village, and a restricted discretionary activity status is more appropriate. However, we do agree with the submitter that the requirement for a design statement should be deleted, for the reasons we set out above in respect of residential units. As the removal of the requirement of a design statement was the only condition of the rule, there is no longer a need for a default activity status, so we recommend that the discretionary activity default is deleted. We therefore recommend that these submissions be accepted in part.

 $^{^7}$ V1 67.20 and 67.21

9. Proposed new rule for Land use within the National Grid Yard/Subdivision Corridor

Overview

38. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to the proposed new rule for Land use in the National Grid Yard/Subdivision Corridor, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations
New rule	Insert the new National Grid Yard/Subdivision
	Corridor rules as recommended in the Energy
	and Infrastructure Report and include the
	reference to the qualifying matter.

- 39. The submissions we consider here are those from Transpower⁸ which expressed concern that the National Grid Yard is not included as a subdivision corridor, whereas the National Grid subdivision corridor is. We note that they supported SUB-R6 regarding subdivision within the National Grid Yard / Subdivision Corridor.
- 40. We were confused by Mr Wilson's proposed new rule, in particular its relationship with the rules relating to land use in the Energy and Infrastructure Chapter and the subdivision rule. We note the PDP Panel's recommendations for the Energy and Infrastructure Chapter that the far more detailed rule relating to land use within the National Grid Yard and Corridor be moved to the Zone Chapters.
- 41. This will introduce a new rule to the Medium Density Residential Chapter and Mr Wilson's recommended rule would become obsolete. We consider that the National Grid Qualifying Matter can extend to this new rule, so that it forms part of the Variation 1 amendments.
- 42. Further, we were confused in the recommended new rule to the reference to the location of a building platform as being relevant for land use, as it is a matter for subdivision. We also note that there are amendments proposed to SUB-R6 that Ms McLeod for Transpower indicated she was supportive of. This does not change the recommendation in respect of the submission, we simply do not think the recommended change was relevant.

⁸ V1 42.1 and 42.2

10. MRZ-BFS4

Overview

43. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-BFS4, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provisions	Panel recommendations
MRZ-BFS4	Amend the default activity status to restricted discretionary and add RES-MD5 as a relevant
	matter of discretion.

Amendments and reasons

- 44. The submissions we consider here are from Kainga Ora⁹ which sought that the default activity status for this standard be amended to be consistent with the requirements of the Enabling Act. We concur with Ms Dale for Kainga Ora that a default activity status of restricted discretionary and inclusion of RES-MD5 is appropriate. In respect to the default status, this is set by the Enabling Act and there was no reference to any qualifying matter to amend that activity status. We therefore recommend that the Kainga Ora submission be accepted.
- 45. We note that in his s42A report, Mr Wilson recommended that a new qualifying matter be introduced to amend the height from the mandatory Enabling Act 11m to 8m, which was in response to a large number of submissions opposing the 11m height. Mr Wilson provided a significant amount of evidence on this matter, including urban design evidence from Mr Graeme McIndoe as well as his own analysis. Kainga Ora provided evidence on this for the hearing, from Ms Jane Rennie, and did not support the reduction in height or the justification provided. However, in his reply report, Mr Wilson changed his recommendation to not amend this standard by introducing a new qualifying matter. We were not provided with any other evidence that would support a reduction in the mandatory 11m, based on a new qualifying matter. We accept Mr Wilson's final position to not amend this standard as he had initially recommended in his s42A report.

11. MRZ-BFS5

Overview

46. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-BFS5, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

⁹ V1 80.5

Provisions	Panel recommendations
MRZ-BFS5	Replace the standard with amendments as notified with the mandatory MDRS setback standard, while retaining the rail setback and strategic and arterial road setback as qualifying matters, and clarifying that the standard does not apply to common walls. Remove RES-MD2 as being a relevant matter of discretion and include RES-MD6 and RES-MD18. Delete Figure MRZ-12.

Amendments and Reasons

- 47. There were several submissions on this standard, but the one we focus on is that of Kainga Ora¹⁰ which sought that the standard as notified be replaced with the mandatory setback standard from the Enabling Act. They also sought that the rail setback be removed, the National Grid setback be amended, and RES-MD6 being included as a relevant matter of discretion.
- 48. We could not find any assessment as to why the mandatory standard had not been included in Variation 1 as notified, and there is no qualifying matter associated with the standard as notified to justify why the PDP standard was carried over. We note in her evidence Ms Dale showed a different series of mark-ups to this standard to that included in the original Kainga Ora submission. In comparing these, we could not understand Ms Dale's amendments which deviated from the Enabling Act mandatory requirement, with no discussion on why these were appropriate and where a qualifying matter would enable these amendments. Mr Wilson provided no rationale in his reply report as to why the standard should not be consistent with the mandatory standard. We preferred Kainga Ora's original submission seeking consistency with the Enabling Act standard.
- 49. We note our agreement with Mr Wilson regarding the rail and strategic and arterial road setbacks. We have recommended including RES-MD18 relating to setbacks from the road and rail as being relevant to support the standard. We have not included reference to the National Grid setback in the standard as proposed in Variation 1, as this is recommended as a standalone rule instead through the PDP Panel's recommendations in the Energy and Infrastructure Chapter. We consider that there is sufficient scope for this to be included as a Variation 1 amendment. We therefore recommend that the Kainga Ora submission be accepted in part.

12. MRZ-BFS6

Overview

50. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-BFS6, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

¹⁰ V1 80.15

Provision	Panel recommendations
MRZ-BFS6	That the standard be deleted in its entirety.

Amendments and reasons

- 51. The submission we refer to here is that from Kainga Ora¹¹ which sought the removal of this standard in its entirety, for the reason it duplicated the outcomes sought by new BFS11. In its submission, it also states that it also contains additional built form standards controlling front doors and garages that go beyond those included in Schedule 3A, Part 2 of the 'Housing Supply Act' and that are not qualifying matters. Kāinga Ora note the need for a high evidential threshold to justify the inclusion of additional built form standards beyond those specified in the Enabling Act and in the absence of such justification, it seeks the deletion of this standard.
- 52. We note that in evidence, Ms Dale for Kainga Ora provided an amended version of this standard. Having considered Mr Wilson's s42A report and reply report, and Ms Dale's evidence, we cannot find the justification for this standard or any relevant qualifying matter as to why it should be included, particularly where the mandatory windows to street standard is included in Variation 1 as BFS11. We prefer the position set out in Kainga Ora's original submission and we recommend that this standard be deleted in its entirety.

13. MRZ-BFS7 and Table RSL-1 Qualifying Matters – Sunlight Access

Overview

53. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-BFS7, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations
MRZ-BFS7	Delete RES-MD2 as a matter of discretion

- 54. The submission we consider here is that from Kainga Ora¹² which sought deletion of RES-MD2 as a matter of discretion. We concur with Kainga Ora and Ms Dale's evidence that RES-MD2 is too broad in scope to be appropriate to the assessment of an infringement to the Height in relation to boundary control.
- 55. We also need to discuss Mr Wilson's recommended amendment to replace this standard with the PDP standard, which he introduced as an option through his Reply Report. He had not recommended any amendments to this standard through his s42A report. Mr Wilson sets out in his Reply Report that he had changed his recommendation to amend

¹¹ V1 80.18

the height standard in his s42A report to instead amend the height in relation to boundary standard, as being a more appropriate response to ensure winter sunlight access for neighbouring properties. Mr Wilson went on to provide in-depth analysis why this may be an appropriate response.

- 56. While we appreciate the level of analysis provided by Mr Wilson, we are not comfortable that introducing the new sunlight access qualifying matter he proposes and amending BFS7 is consistent with either natural justice or fair process. These changes were not signalled in the s42A report, were not discussed before the Panel at the hearing, and no parties have had the opportunity to comment on their appropriateness. Further, no submitters sought the amendments recommended by Mr Wilson.
- 57. We are aware of our powers under Clause 99 of Schedule 1 that we can amend provisions that were not submitted on; however, in our opinion, this amendment was not raised in the course of the hearing and including it as a new qualifying matter at this stage would have substantial implications that other parties would have no right to appeal on. We were also made aware that neither of the neighbouring Tier 1 councils had introduced a qualifying matter that would amend the mandatory Enabling Act standard as Mr Wilson recommends, meaning that there would be different approaches to height in relation to boundary between neighbouring councils in the same general location. We consider that amending the standard as proposed by Mr Wilson would be inconsistent with the outcome sought by the Government through the Enabling Act. We therefore do not support this recommended new qualifying matter.

14. MRZ-BFS8

Overview

58. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to MRZ-BFS8, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations
MRZ-BFS8	Delete RES-MD2 as a matter of discretion

- 59. The submission we are considering here is that from Kainga Ora¹³ which identified that this standard is an additional built form standard not included in the Enabling Act. As such it requires a high evidential threshold for inclusion. In saying that, Kainga Ora sought amendments to the rule to simplify it so it is not restrictive, and that it should only apply to the road boundary and not those with walk and cycle ways. They also sought deletion of RES-MD2 as not being appropriate for fence issues.
- 60. In his s42A report, Mr Wilson sets out his position that fencing is not a matter that affects density and is therefore out of scope of the MDRS (Enabling Act). We concur with Mr Wilson that this standard does not impact on housing density and can be included as a

¹³ V1 80.22

standard. We do not support the amendments sought by Kainga Ora to the body of the standard through their submission. However, we do support deletion of RES-MD2 as we agree with Kainga Ora that it is too broad and wide-ranging for consideration of a breach of a standard relating to a fence. We therefore recommend that the Kainga Ora submission be accepted in part.

15. RES-MD2

Overview

61. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to RES-MD2, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations
RES-MD2	Delete the reference to road and rail setbacks
	from clause 2a.

- 62. The submissions we consider here are those of Kainga Ora¹⁴ which sought that RES-MD2 be replaced with more concise and succinct matters of discretion, with suggested wording provided. Mr Wilson summarised their relief sought as being:
 - Reflect the intent of the RMA and 'NPS-UD',
 - Clearly state the outcomes intended, and provide for design innovation and choice,
 - Achieve nationally consistent urban design principles as matters of discretion.
 - Apply only to the development of four or more units.
 - Reflect the anticipated context rather than the receiving environment,
 - Reduce the number of matters to 5-6, and
 - avoid duplication with other matters of discretion applying to MRZ.
- 63. Mr Wilson recommended the submission be rejected simply on the grounds that "the MDRS does not prescribe the matters of discretion". We were not particularly assisted by this advice from Mr Wilson as to how to approach Kainga Ora's submission.
- 64. We note that the only amendment proposed through Variation 1 to this matter of discretion was the inclusion of reference to the impacts of rail and road setbacks. However, as is evident by our other recommendations, we have recommended accepting Kainga Ora's request to remove RES-MD2 as being a relevant matter of discretion from all built form standards excluding MRZ-BFS1 relating to more than three residential units. This is because we consider it is relevant to density, so that is not really a built form standard. We have also recommended removal of the reference to the road and rail setbacks as being unnecessary given the inclusion of new MD18 which is specific for any infringements to MRZ-BFS5.
- 65. We therefore recommend that Kainga Ora's submission be accepted in part.

¹⁴ V1 80.52

16. RES-MD12

Overview

66. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to RES-MD12, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations	
RES-MD12	Amend clause 1 to refer to natural light only Amend clause 2 to include reference to the visua	
	and landscape quality of the outlook space	
	Amend clause 4 to remove reference to on th	
	same or adjacent sites Introduce new clause 5 to allow consideration of	
	additional outlook spaces	

- 67. The submission we are considering here is that from Kainga Ora¹⁵ which sought amendments to remove subjectivity in the terms used and to ensure that the focus of the matters is on outlook space rather than access to sunlight. They noted in particular that access to natural sunlight on the shortest day of the year would simply not be possible for a south-facing habitable space.
- 68. In his s42A report, Mr Wilson recommended that clause 3 be deleted and replaced with a new clause relating to habitable rooms having an outlook and sense of space. We agree that clause 3 should be deleted but consider that "sense of space" is a very subjective clause and do not recommend its inclusion.
- 69. In respect to the other matters, we noted Mr Wilson's response to Kainga Ora's requested amendments in his Reply Report focussed on access to direct sunlight. We find ourselves confused by this response, because as Kainga Ora points out in their submission, this matter of discretion relates specifically to outlook spaces from habitable rooms, and it may not always be possible to orientate habitable spaces to access natural sunlight. Further, the standard to which this matter of discretion relates has no requirement that a habitable room or the outlook space itself accesses natural light; it is rather about ensuring that rooms have an outlook. Having considered Ms Dale's evidence for Kainga Ora, we largely prefer her requested amendments to MD12 as being more appropriate to the standard. Accordingly, we recommend that the Kainga Ora submission be accepted in part.

17. RES-MD14

Overview

70. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to RES-MD14, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations
RES-MD14	Delete clause 1d relating to heat effects
	Delete clause 2 in respect to CPTED

Amendments and reasons

- 71. The submission we are considering here is that from Kainga Ora¹⁶ supported by the evidence of Ms Dale, that sought deletion of clauses 1d and 2. In respect of clause 1d, Ms Dale stated that she was not clear on what expert assessment would be required to address this matter, and requiring it to be addressed could be disproportionate in terms of the cost burden. She also expressed it would be uncertain as to how a processing planner would assess this, and further that there is no justification in the s32 evaluation report for its inclusion or appropriateness. In respect of clause 2, her position is that it relates more to building design considerations than landscaping.
- 72. Again, we found Mr Wilson's advice in his s42A report that "the MRDS does not prescribe matters of discretion" unhelpful. This was a new matter of discretion proposed through Variation 1 and we would have anticipated a more in-depth evaluation. In his Reply Report, Mr Wilson sets out the following statement:

I note that the proposed removal of the CPTED principle clause is inconsistent with what Kainga Ora seek in RES-MD2, which is to add this factor. What Kainga Ora appear to be stating is that on-site landscaped areas should not consider this factor, except that the design principles for the site should consider it. I consider that the drafting is inconsistent and not integrated. As for anticipated amenity, versus residential amenity, I note that it is the objectives and policies for the zone that set out what the purpose of the zone is, and these would be used to assess the future environment.

73. We did not understand this statement from Mr Wilson. This matter of discretion relates to the built form standard for a landscaped area, rather than the design of a new built development. We prefer Ms Dale's advice that these clauses are either not commensurate or appropriate for the landscaped areas standard and recommend that they be deleted. In the case of clause 1d, we agree with Kainga Ora that it is not supported by any policy direction and nor by the s32 evaluation report. We recommend that Kainga Ora's submission be accepted.

¹⁶ V1 80.55

18. RES-MD17

Overview

74. The following is a summary of the Panel's recommended amendments to RES-MD17, over and above the amendments recommended by the report author:

Provision	Panel recommendations	
RES-MD17	Amend clause 1 to refer to the anticipated built	
	form of the surrounding environment	
	Delete clause 2	

Amendments and reasons

- 75. The submission we are considering here is that from Kainga Ora¹⁷ which sought that clause 1 be amended to refer to the anticipated built form of the area and clause 2 be deleted as not being relevant to building coverage, as the provision of outdoor living space is the subject of a separate built form standard.
- 76. Again, we were not assisted by Mr Wilson's response in his s42A report, which was the same as for RES-MD14. We also found his response in his Reply Report that "it is the objectives and policies for the zone that set out what the purpose of the zone is, and these would be used to assess the future environment" to be off point.
- 77. We prefer Kainga Ora's submission and Ms Dale's evidence and amended drafting. We have slightly amended Ms Dale's recommended wording so that the reference is to the surrounding environment, rather than zone in particular. Otherwise, we recommend that the submission be accepted in part, with clause 1 amended and clause 2 deleted, for the reasons given by Kainga Ora.

19. Rezoning requests

- 78. There are a few matters that require consideration in respect to the rezoning requests. Through Variation 1, the Council recommended rezoning two of the new Development Areas proposed in the PDP to Medium Density Residential applying the MDRS. There were several other submissions seeking rezoning, which had also sought rezoning through the PDP. Those seeking rezoning sought application of the Medium Density Residential Zoning. We also address the submissions that sought rezoning through the PDP, but did not lodge submissions on Variation 1, and were not identified for rezoning through Variation 1.
- 79. In respect of the rezoning requests that did not seek rezoning through Variation 1 and were not identified through Variation 1 for rezoning, one of the complicated issues at play is the potential for the Council potentially needing to have two different versions of the Medium Density Residential Zone, firstly for those sites that only sought rezoning

¹⁷ V1 80.58

through the PDP to General Residential Zone or to Medium Density Zone under the PDP, and secondly for those that were subject to Variation 1 as notified and would be subject to the Variation 1 version of the Zone. We consider this would be a very undesirable outcome. This was a matter raised through the hearing and addressed through the Reply Report.

- 80. These sites were located immediately adjacent to land proposed to be rezoned as Medium Density under Variation 1 and if they had already been zoned as General Residential in the PDP, they would have been rezoned as Medium Density in accordance with the Enabling Act and the criteria set out in the s32 evaluation report for Variation 1. For that reason, we find that there would be little to no mischief with rezoning those sites as Medium Density under Variation 1, using Clause 99 of Schedule 1.
- 81. The other matter we raise here concerns the submissions seeking rezoning of new greenfield areas through both the PDP and through Variation 1, which weren't the subject of Variation 1. In his s42A report, relying on advice from Council's Counsel, Mr Wilson recommended that these rezonings be rejected on the basis of not being within the scope of Variation 1. Following our questions through the hearing and listening to the legal representations from submitters for the rezoning requests, and to our questions for the Reply Report, Mr Wilson provided recommendations to accept the rezoning requests, should we prefer Mr Fowler's approach. It was unclear to us in doing so whether Mr Wilson had changed his recommendation as to whether the rezoning submissions should be accepted. We were advised through the hearing process that Selwyn District Council had accepted rezoning requests through their Variation 1, which did not form part of Variation 1.
- 82. On balance we preferred Mr Fowler's legal submissions to Mr Wilson's s42A recommendations. Variation 1 was a change to the PDP as notified, and we agree with Mr Fowler that the Clearwater and Machine Motors cases he cited provide scope for submitters to seek rezoning requests where the relevant scope tests are met. In respect to those cases, we note that Variation 1 also included the rezoning of two of the new Development Areas included in the PDP. We agree with Mr Fowler that their inclusion effectively opens the scope door for submitters to seek inclusion of new development areas in Variation 1 that were also sought through submissions on the PDP and noting that the Selwyn PDP Panel did the same. This is particularly the case given the purpose of an IPI is to give effect to the Enabling Act and introduce the mandatory MDRS and rezone land to medium density residential as appropriate.
- 83. We also observe that, to not adopt Mr Fowler's position would result in a perverse outcome where the new Development Areas approved solely under the PDP submissions were subject to a different zoning to those Development Areas, and other existing urban areas, subject to Variation 1. We agree that there is very little mischief in accepting these rezoning requests, and that we have scope to do so under clause 99 of Schedule 1.

20. Other matters and consequential changes

84. In our review of the other chapters amended through Variation 1, we identified that the Council had proposed that the maximum height limit in both the LCZ (LCZ-BFS1) and the NCZ (NCZ-BFS1) be increased to 11m. We noted that the PDP Hearings Panel for CMUZ has recommended that the heights in both these zones be increased to 12m. There were no submissions seeking a greater height be applied to these two built form standards through Variation 1. We raised the issue of heights in the commercial and mixed-use zone chapters with Mr Wilson through the hearing process. He did not provide us with any advice; however, as it was raised during the hearing, we are comfortable that clause 99 of Schedule 1 applies and that we can recommend that the 12m height limit, as recommended through the PDP, applies to both these zones.

21. Conclusion

- 85. For the reasons summarised above, we recommend the adoption of a set of changes to the Variation 1 provisions as notified, to be consolidated with the PDP Chapters. Our recommended amendments are shown in Appendix 2.
- 86. Overall, we find that these changes will ensure the PDP better achieves the statutory requirements, national and regional direction, and our recommended Strategic Directions, and will improve its useability.

Signed by the Hearings Panel

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Gary Rae



Megen McKay 12 June 2025

Appendix 1:

Submitter attendance and tabled evidence for Variation 1, Hearing Stream 7B

Attendee	Speaker	Submitter No.
Council reporting officer	Peter Wilson	N/A
Kelvin Ashby	Kelvin Ashby	V1 20
Carolina Homes Limited, Allan Downs Limited, Townsend Fields Limited	Claire McKeever	V1 58
Ken Fletcher	Ken Fletcher	V1 74
Transpower New Zealand Limited	Ainsley McLeod	V1 42, V1 FS 2
Canterbury Regional Council	Victoria Watt	V1 64
Momentum Land Limited	 Mark Allan Richard Withy Shane Fairmaid M Perpick 	V1 43
Mike Greer Homes NZ Limited	Patricia Harte	V1 13
Kainga Ora	 Clare Dale Jane Rennie Timothy Heath Joshua Neville 	V1 80, FS 23
Tabled Evidence		
Kiwirail Holdings Limited	Michelle Grinlinton-Hancock	V1 51, V1 FS 10
Fire and Emergency NZ	Kate Oranje	303, V2 67

Submitter attendance and tabled evidence for Variation 1 component of airport noise -Hearing Stream 10A

Attendee	Speaker	Submitter No.
Council reporting officer	Peter Wilson	
Momentum Land Limited and	John Clarke	V1 13, V1 FS
Mike Greer Homes NZ Limited	Brian Putt	11
	Fraser Colegrave	
	Patricia Harte	
	William Reeve	
	C Fowler	
	M Perpick	
Christchurch International	Charlotte Clark	V1 81, FS 15
Airport Limited	John Kyle	
	Laurel Smith	
	 Jo Appleyard 	
	M Davidson	
Table evidence		
N/A	• N/A	N/A

Appendix 2: Recommended amendments to the Proposed Plan - Tracked from notified version (provisions not consequentially renumbered)

Appendix 2: (1) General Objectives and Policies RESZ CONSOLIDATED PDP AND V1

Appendix 2: (2) Relationships between spatial layers CONSOLIDATED PDP AND V1

Appendix 2: (3) Subdivision CONSOLIDATED PDP AND V1

Appendix 2: (4) Medium Density Residential Zone CONSOLIDATED PDP AND 1

Appendix 2: (5) Matters of Control or Discretion for all Residential Zones

Appendix 2: (6) Neighbourhood Centre Zone CONSOLIDATED PDP AND VAR 1

Appendix 2: (7) Local Centre Zone CONSOLIDATED PDP AND VAR 1

General Objectives and Policies for all Residential Zones

Introduction

The purpose of the chapter is to provide for and manage activities within new and existing residential areas. These areas include the existing settlements throughout the District, as well as the larger urban environments of Oxford, Rangiora, Kaiapoi, Woodend and Pegasus. It also addresses activities taking place in the rural residential areas for the District, which are incorporated within the Large Lot Residential Zone.

This chapter contains objectives and policies relating to the:

- General Residential Zone;
- Medium Density Residential Zone;
- Settlement Zone; and
- Large Lot Residential Zone.

The key difference between the General Residential Zone and Medium Density Residential Zone is housing density, with the latter <u>providing for greater building height and site coverage in</u> <u>contrast to the General Residential Zone. The Medium Density Residential Zone is¹ located</u> within walkable distance to town centres, schools, open space and transport routes. The Settlement Zone differs from both of these zones, providing for a greater range of commercial activity, as the settlements do not have their own business zones. The Large Lot Residential Zone provides for very² low density rural residential living opportunities with an open, spacious character.

In the towns and settlements, provision is made for a range of community activities that have a benefit by being located within Residential Zones so they are accessible. The range of activities provided for in the Large Lot Residential Zone is more restricted, given that its primary role is for rural residential living.

The objectives and policies set out below apply to all Residential Zones. However, there are some specific objectives and policies that will apply to the zones and appear in each zone section along with the rules for each zone.

The provisions in this chapter are consistent with the matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters -Strategic Directions and give effect to matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters - Urban Form and Development.

Objectives	
RESZ-O1	 Residential growth, location and timing Sustainable residential growth that: provides more housing in appropriate locations in a timely manner according to growth needs demand in the short, medium and long term³; is responsive to community and district needs; and enables new development, as well as redevelopment of existing Residential Zones.
RESZ-O2	Residential sustainability

¹ Kainga Ora [325.191].

² Rick Allaway and Lionel Larsen [236.14].

³ Kainga Ora [325.192].

	Efficient and sustainable use of residential land and infrastructure is provided through appropriate location of development and its design.	
RESZ-O3	 Residential form, scale, design and amenity values Residential development is of a A ⁴form, scale and design of development⁵ that: 1. achieves a good quality residential environment that is attractive and functional; 2. supports community health, safety and well-being; 3. maintains differences between zones; and 4. manages adverse effects on the surrounding environment amenity values that will change over time as the zones are developed.⁶ 	
RESZ-O4	Non-residential activities Small-scale non-residential activities that take place in residential areas support the function of local communities.	
RESZ-O5	 Housing choice Residential Zones provide for the needs of the community through: 1. a range of residential unit types <u>activities</u>⁷; and 2. a variety of residential unit densities. 	
Policies		
RESZ-P1	 Design of development New development in residential areas is well designed and laid out, including by: 1. ensuring that the bulk, scale and location of buildings on sites is consistent with the environment anticipated for the zone, and that impacts in relation to dominance, privacy and shadowing are minimised, while recognising the ability for larger sites in the General Residential Zone and Medium Density Residential Zone to absorb greater height; 2. ensuring that the combination of buildings, paved surface, and landscaped permeable surface coverage retain a landscaped component for residential sites and provide opportunity for on-site stormwater infiltration, and where this is reduced that it is offset by suitable planting, other green surface treatment, and stormwater attenuation; 3. maintaining streetscapes in Residential Zones where garaging and buildings are set back from the street, and where these setbacks are reduced, that sufficient space is still available for vehicle manoeuvring and impacts of dominance on the streetscape are minimised; 4. facilitating passive surveillance and active residential frontages through controls on glazing, avoidance of blank facades, provision of habitable rooms and front door entrances to residential units facing the street, and consider modification of those controls only where other active design features such as verandas are incorporated; 5. minimising the adverse impact of high fences on streetscape character and public safety; and 6. ensuring that residential activities are provided with sufficient on-site outdoor living space for residents through access to outdoor living space that is complements the housing typology, or where not directly provided, take into account alternative 	

 ⁴ Kainga Ora [325.194].
 ⁵ Kainga Ora [325.194].
 ⁶ Kainga Ora [325.194].
 ⁷ Oranga Tamariki [278.5].

RESZ-P4	Sustainable design
RESZ-P3	 Safety and well-being Provide for safety and well-being by: taking into account the following CPTED principles in the design of structures, residential units, outdoor areas and public open spaces: a. access — safe movement and connections; surveillance and sightlines — see and be seen; layout - clear and logical orientation; activity mix — eyes on the street; sense of ownership — showing a space is cared for; quality environments - well designed, managed and maintained environments; physical protection — using active security measures; and providing for peaceful and pleasant living environments which enable limited opportunities for signs, appropriately manage limiting signs and managing⁸ the impacts of on-site traffic generation to minimise impacts on neighbouring properties and road networks, and minimise <u>and the</u> adverse effects of noise and light, particularly in night time hours⁹. an couraging development to achieve attractive and safe streets and public open spaces.
RESZ-P2	 Multi-unit residential development Promote and manage the development of multi-unit residential development in the Medium Density Residential Zone and General Residential Zone, including the use of amalgamated or multi-site redevelopment, by: 1. ensuring that the development provides for active and passive engagement with the street at ground level, or where this is not provided that there are alternative design features that promote interaction; 2. ensuring that outdoor storage is integrated with the development to avoid adverse visual effects on the streetscape; 3. considering the context and character of the surrounding area and the extent to which it complements surrounding residential development; 4. ensuring that the development maintains or enhances amenity values and public safety by addressing the street, and where relevant, other areas of public open space; 5. minimising visual bulk of development through articulation of facades, using a variety of materials, and providing for a human scale to multi-storey buildings; 6. incorporating open space into the design that encourages interaction of people within developments, as well as the use of landscaping features to soften built form and provide for external and internal amenity value, including encouraging the retention of mature trees; 7. providing for vehicle and pedestrian access in a manner that recognises public safety, and a pedestrian entrance that is obvious and accessible; 8. clearly demarcating public and private space, in particular where this faces the street, while continuing to provide for visual interaction; and 9. encouraging variation in residential unit sizes within a development to support housing choice.
	arrangements for open space (either within the site or within close proximity to the site).

⁸ Kainga Ora [325.199]. ⁹ Kainga Ora [325.199]. ¹⁰ V1 as notified

RESZ-P5	 In relation to design of buildings in Residential Zones, encourage and advocate for: minimisation of energy and water use, and the use of low impact design such as optimal site layout, passive solar design, solar power and water heating, and rainwater collection, detention and use; and universal design which provides for all stages of life development, size, and abilities, <u>, in particular in relation to retirement village living and ¹¹ minor residential units¹².</u> Residential Commercial Precinct Enable additional commercial activity to establish in the Residential Commercial Precinct where: it assists the supply of commercial space for Rangiora town centre; and effects on any adjacent residential activity are minimised.
RESZ-P6	 Non-residential activities Non-residential activities are provided for in a manner that: 1. Avoids quarry, landfill, cleanfill, mining or dam activities within urban areas¹³; 2. avoids, or where appropriate remedies or mitigates, actual and potential adverse effects from structures, signs, glare, noise and hazardous substances, including controls on timing or duration of activities; 3. ensures that the scale of the activity does not significantly impact on the amenity values of adjoining residential activities, including their pleasantness and aesthetic coherence; and 4. recognise that the following non-residential activities serve a benefit to the surrounding community and are provided for, subject to appropriate management of their effects: a. community facilities; b. educational facilities; and c. childcare facilities; including.¹⁴
RESZ-P7	 Commercial activity in the General Residential and Medium Density Residential Zones Except in the Residential Commercial Precinct, only provide for commercial activities or upgrades to lawfully established commercial activity in the General Residential and Medium Density Residential Zones that: are of a scale that is ancillary to residential use; or provide a public health benefit and need to be readily accessible within a residential zone, while maintaining residential amenity values through residential scale and design; or are established commercial activity that minimises impacts on residential amenity values, including through controls on operating hours, traffic, signs, noise, glare and light spill; and do not give rise to significant adverse distributional or urban form effects on key activity centres or townships due to the scale of the activity.
RESZ-P8	Housing choice Enable a range of residential unit types, sizes and densities where: 1. good urban design outcomes are achieved; and

¹¹ Summerset [207.26].
 ¹² Kainga Ora [325.200].
 ¹³ Fulton Hogan [41.33],
 ¹⁴ Fire and Emergency NZ [303.51]

	 development integrates with surrounding residential areas and¹⁵ infrastructure; and- bousing is designed to most the day to day peeds of residents ¹⁶
	3. housing is designed to meet the day-to-day needs of residents. ¹⁶
RESZ-P9	 Commercial activity in the Settlement Zone Provide for limited scale and type of commercial activity in the Settlement Zone in order to: maintain or enhance the character of the surrounding settlement; and manage adverse effects on the amenity values of adjacent residential sites from structures, signs, glare, light spill, noise and hazardous substances.
RESZ-P10	 Retirement villages Provide for the development of retirement villages in all Residential Zones, other than the Large Lot Residential Zone, where: <u>they are</u>¹⁷ consistent with good urban design <u>outcomes</u>¹⁸, including external design; and integration with any adjacent residential activity, the transport system, roads and parking is achieved.
RESZ-P11	 Minor residential units Provide for a minor residential unit, which includes a tiny home, to facilitate residential choice and flexibility, while: ensuring that the minor residential unit is subservient to the principal residential unit on the site it is located; and the minor residential unit maintains the amenity values of the residential activity through provision of outdoor living space.
RESZ-P12	 Outline development plans Use and development of land subject to an ODP shall: be in accordance with the development requirements and fixed and flexible elements in the relevant ODP, or otherwise delivers equivalent or better outcomes while achieving an efficient, effective and consolidated urban form, except relation to any interim use and development addressed in (3); ensure that development: a. contributes to a strong sense of place, and a coherent, functional and safe neighbourhood; b. contributes to residential areas that comprise a diversity of housing types; c. retains and supports the relationship to, and where possible enhances, recreational, historic heritage and ecological features and values; and d. achieves a high level of visual and landscape amenity; interim use and development of land subject to an ODP shall not compromise the timely implementation of, or outcomes sought by, the ODP.
RESZ-P13	Location of higher density development Locate higher density housing to support and have ready access to: 1. commercial business areas, community facilities and open space; and
	2. public transport and well-connected walkable communities. ¹⁹
RESZ-P14	

¹⁵ Kainga Ora [325.204].
¹⁶ V1 as notified
¹⁷ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2)

 ¹⁸ Summerset [207.27].
 ¹⁹ Kainga Ora [325.206].

	 Development densities for new Development Areas and Large Lot Residential Zone Overlays shall be as follows: 1. in new Development Areas, achieve a minimum net density of 15 households per ha averaged across the whole of the residential Development Area within the relevant ODP, unless there are demonstrated constraints that make compliance impractical,²⁰ then no less than 12 households per ha. 2. in new Large Lot Residential Zone Overlays, achieve a net density of 1 to 2 households per ha.
RESZ-P15	Medium Density Residential Standards Apply the Medium Density Residential Standards across all relevant residential zones in the District Plan except in circumstances where a qualifying matter is relevant (including matters of significance such as historic heritage and the relationship of Māori and their culture and traditions with their ancestral lands, water, sites, wāhi tapu, and other taonga). ²¹²²

²¹ V1 as notified

²⁰ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.36] Richard and Geoff Spark [183.7], Ngai Tahu Property [411.9 and 411.31], J & C Broughton [223.9], R Alloway and L Larsen [236.10], Dalkeith Holdings Ltd [242.7], M Hales [246.8]

²² RMA Schedule 1 Clause 99

Relationships Between Spatial Layers

The District Plan uses a range of spatial layers with different functions. These are shown on the planning map and include:

Spatial layer name	Function	Location of spatial layer provisions
Zones	A zone spatially identifies and manages an area with common environmental characteristics or where common environmental outcomes are sought, by bundling compatible activities or effects together, and controlling those that are incompatible.	Zone chapters
Overlays	An overlay spatially identifies distinctive values, risks or other factors which require management in a different manner from underlying zone provisions.	District wide matters chapters
Precincts	A precinct spatially identifies and manages an area where additional place-based provisions apply to modify or refine aspects of the policy approach or outcomes anticipated in the underlying zone(s).	If it applies to only one zone, it is included in the relevant zone chapter If it applies to multiple zones, it will be included in the relevant zone chapters
Specific controls	A specific control spatially identifies where a site or area has provisions that are different from other spatial layers or district wide provisions that apply to that site or area (for example where verandah requirements apply, or where a different maximum height on a particular site applies).	Relevant chapters
Development Areas	A development area spatially identifies and manages areas where plans such as concept plans, structure plans, outline development plans, master plans or growth area plans apply to determine future land use or development. When the associated development is complete, the development	Development area chapters

	areas spatial layer is generally removed from the plan either through a trigger in the development area provisions or at a later plan change.	
Designations	Spatially identifies where a designation is included under section 168 or section 168A or clause 4 of Schedule 1 of the RMA.	Designations chapter
Heritage orders	Spatially identifies heritage orders enabled under section 189 or section 189A of the RMA.	Historic heritage chapter. There are no heritage orders in the District Plan

Resource Management (Enabling Housing Supply and Other Matters) Amendment Act

Qualifying matters and legal effect

The Resource Management (Enabling Housing Supply and Other Matters Amendment Act requires Tier 1 Councils including the Waimakariri District Council to amend one of their district plans (operative or proposed) to enable intensification in urban areas where people want to live and work. The Amendment Act brings forward the implementation of the NPDUD intensification policies by using the ISPP.

In addition, the Amendment Act introduced MDRS in all Tier 1 urban environments and must be adopted into the District Plan by 20th August 2022. Because the Waimakariri District Council notified its proposed District Plan on 17 September 2021, under Schedule 12, Part 5 of the RMA, these new provisions have been included into the Proposed District Plan. These will enable medium density housing to be built 'as of right' (at least 3 dwellings of up to 3 storeys per site) within the Medium Density Residential Zone located in Rangiora, Kaiapoi, Woodend (including Ravenswood) and Pegasus, and will have immediate legal effect from the notification date of variation 1 to the proposed District Plan, except for:

- More enabling standards under the NPSUD intensification policies than those listed in the MDRS as a permitted activity.
- Areas where a qualifying matter has been identified.
- New residential zones (for example, Greenfield development).
- Subdivision rules
- <u>New financial contribution provisions</u>

District wide provisions

District wide provisions such as (but not limited to) rules on earthworks, construction noise, access and lighting will continue to apply because these provisions do not influence density requirements.

Qualifying matters

There are areas within the Waimakariri District that have specific characteristics that make it inappropriate to apply the MDRS in full. These characteristics are referred to as 'qualifying matters'. A qualifying matter exists where there is a need to balance the densities and /or other standards of the MDRS against the need to manage those specific characteristics

defined in clause 3.32 of the NPSUD and section 77(I) and 77(O) of the RMA. Where a qualifying matter has been identified, the Waimakariri District Council have amended the densities required by the MDRS to the built form standards, were appropriate to accommodate the 'qualifying matter'. Note that qualifying matters do not have immediate legal effect Qualifying matter areas within the Medium Density Residential Zone of Rangiora, Kaiapoi, Woodend (including Ravenswood) and Pegasus are listed in the table below:

Table RSL-1 Qualifying matters

Qualifying matter and area	Legislation	Reasoning
Electricity • National grid transmission lines National Grid transmission lines within Medium Density Residential Zone in north-west Rangiora). As defined and mapped in qualifying matter, National Grid Subdivision Corridor and National Grid Yard ¹	<u>s.3.32(1)(c) of the NPSUD /</u> <u>s.77I(e) of the RMA — Matter</u> <u>required to ensure the safe or</u> <u>efficient operation of</u> <u>nationally significant</u> <u>infrastructure.</u>	Identifies the location of nationally significant Electricity Distribution Lines within the Medium Density Residential Zones, and avoids potential effects of subdivision and development on the ability to safely and efficiently operate, maintain, develop and upgrade the National Grid. by imposing minimum setbacks and reducing minimum allotment size ensures the safe or efficient operation of nationally significant infrastructure. ²
Transport• Railway corridors Railway designations adjacent to parts of the Town Centre ³ within Medium Density Residential Zone of Rangiora and Kaiapoi. As mapped in qualifying matter, rail corridors, with a 4m setback from the boundary of the rail corridor• Strategic Roads & Arterial Roads Properties Within Medium Density Residential Zone immediately adjoining	<u>s.3.32(1)(c) of the NPSUD /</u> <u>s.77I(e) of the RMA — Matter</u> <u>required to ensure the safe or</u> <u>efficient operation of</u> <u>nationally significant</u> <u>infrastructure.</u>	To ensure the safe and efficient operation of the railway network, and main roads within the Council's Roading Hierarchy.

¹ Transpower [V1 42.1]

² Transpower [V1 42.1]

³ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2)

strategic and arterial roads in Rangiora, Kaiapoi and Woodend), with a 6m setback from the boundary of the road corridor⁴.Natural Hazards (urban) Properties within Kaiapoi Urban area within the High Hazard flood overlay. As mapped in qualifying matter, natural hazards	s.3.32(1)(h) of the NPSUD / s.77I(j) of the RMA - any other matter that makes higher density, as provided for by the MDRS or policy 3, inappropriate in an area.	<u>The management of</u> <u>significant risks from natural</u> <u>hazards, specifically, flooding.</u>
Airport noise - Christchurch International Airport Properties within the <u>Medium Density</u> <u>Residential Zone of</u> <u>Kaiapoi and within the</u> <u>Christchurch</u> <u>International Airport</u> <u>noise contour.</u> <u>As mapped in qualifying</u> <u>matter, airport noise</u>	<u>s.3.32(1)(c) of the NPSUD /</u> <u>s.77I(e) of the RMA — Matter</u> <u>required to ensure the safe or</u> <u>efficient operation of</u> <u>nationally significant</u> <u>infrastructure.</u>	A spatial overlay within Kaiapoi, reducing development within the Christchurch airport noise contour reduce reverse sensitivity issues ⁵
Historic HeritageProperties identified as a Heritage listed item within Medium Density Residential Zone of Rangiora, Kaiapoi and Woodend).As mapped in qualifying matter heritage building or item	s.3.32(1)(a) of the NPSUD / s.77I(a) of the RMA — Matter of national importance that decision makers are required to recognise and provide for under Section 6.	Identifies the area of a property which contributes to the heritage values of a historical heritage item or items
Notable trees <u>Properties with a</u> <u>notable tree within</u> <u>Medium Density</u> <u>Residential Zone of</u> <u>Rangiora, Kaiapoi and</u> <u>Woodend.</u> <u>As mapped in qualifying</u> <u>matter, notable trees</u>	s.3.32(1)(a) of the NPSUD / s.77I(a) of the RMA— Matter of national importance that decision makers are required to recognise and provide for under Section 6	Identifies a property where a notable tree or trees are located.
Natural character - Waterbody setbacks <u>Properties adjoining a</u> <u>large waterbody within</u>	s.3.32(1)(h) of the NPSUD / s.77I(j) of the RMA- any other matter that makes higher density, as provided for by the	Identifies the significant waterbodies within the district and minimum setbacks are imposed to mitigate sediment

⁴ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2) ⁵ Kainga Ora [V1 80.21]

<u>Medium Density</u> <u>Residential Zone of</u> <u>Rangiora, Kaiapoi and</u> <u>Woodend.</u> <u>As mapped in</u> <u>scheduled natural</u> <u>character freshwater</u> <u>bodies schedule 2, and</u> <u>schedule 3</u>	<u>MDRS or policy 3,</u> inappropriate in an area.	of earthworks and buildings in close proximity to water bodies to preserve their natural character and to recognise their cultural significance to Ngāi Tahu.
Open space — Recreation zone Properties vested as recreation/ or utility reserve and owned by the Waimakariri District Council and located within Rangiora, Kaiapoi, Woodend and Pegasus. As mapped in qualifying matter, open space and recreation zone	s.3.32(1)(d) of the NPSUD / s.77l(f) of the RMA- open space provided for public use, but only in relation to land that is open space.	Identifying public space areas, and protecting those areas for public use. ⁶
Public Access: esplanade reservesLand adjoining waterways within Medium Density Residential Zone, vested in recreation reserve and owned by the Waimakariri District Council and located within Rangiora, Kaiapoi, Woodend and Pegasus. As mapped in esplanade provisions	s.3.32(1)(d) of the NPSUD / s.77I(f) of the RMA- open space provided for public use, but only in relation to land that is open space:	The preservation of public access adjoining esplanade reserves ⁷

⁶ Kainga Ora [V1 80.30,80.32] ⁷ Kainga Ora [V1 80.30,80.32]

SUB - Wāwāhia whenua - Subdivision

Introduction

Subdivision provides a framework for land ownership so that development and activities can take place. Subdivision can take place at a variety of scales, from a boundary adjustment or two-lot subdivision through to larger scale land development incorporating provision of cost effective and sustainable infrastructure and land for other uses such as open space.

Subdivision plays an important role in determining the location and density of development and its effect on the character and sustainability of rural and urban environments. It also implements national direction for urban development and enables land use anticipated by the various zone provisions.

The subdivision process can also include the provision of services for development and activities, including open space, infrastructure and community facilities. The adverse effects of activities are addressed by district wide or zone provisions, however some activities and their effects are managed at the time of subdivision, such as earthworks and the forming of roads.

Subdivision also provides an opportunity to consider matters such as natural hazards, protection and enhancement of riparian margins, rural character, reverse sensitivity, urban design, and the recognition and protection of cultural values.

The provisions in this chapter are consistent with the matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters -Strategic Directions and give effect to matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters - Urban Form and Development.

Other potentially relevant District Plan provisions

As well as the provisions in this chapter, other District Plan chapters that contain provisions that may also be relevant to Subdivision include:

- Energy and Infrastructure.
- Transport.
- Natural Hazards.¹
- Special Purpose Zone (Kāinga Nohoanga): how the Subdivision provisions apply in the Special Purpose Zone (Kāinga Nohoanga) is set out in SPZ(KN)-APP1 to SPZ(KN)-APP5 of that chapter.
- Any other District wide matter that may affect or relate to the site or sites.
- Zones: the zone chapters contain provisions about what activities are anticipated to occur in the zones.

Objective	S
SUB-O1	Subdivision design Subdivision design achieves an integrated pattern of land use, development, and urban form, that:

¹ Environment Canterbury [316.129].

	 provides for anticipated land use and density that achieve the identified future character, form or function of zones; consolidates urban development and maintains rural character except where required for, and identified by, the District Council for urban development; supports protection of cultural and heritage values, conservation values, indigenous biodiversity values²; and supports community resilience to climate change and risk from natural hazards.
SUB-O2	Infrastructure and transport
	Subdivision is designed and located in a way that supports the $e E^3$ fficient and sustainable provision, use and maintenance of infrastructure; and a legible, accessible, safe, ⁴ well connected transport system for all transport modes.
SUB-O3	Esplanade reserves and esplanade strips
	 Esplanade reserves and esplanade strips created through subdivision adjacent to the sea, lakes and rivers contribute to: 1. the protection of conservation values; 2. public access to or along rivers and lakes or the coast; or 3. enable public recreational use where it is compatible with conservation values.
Policies	
1	
SUB-P1	 Design and amenity Enable subdivision that: within Residential Zones, incorporates best practice urban design, access to open space, and CPTED principles;. minimises reverse sensitivity effects on infrastructure⁵ including through the use of setbacks; in respect to the National Grid and Major Electricity Distribution Lines: a. avoids subdivision that restricts potential reverse sensitivity effects on them and⁶ does not compromise their operation, maintenance, upgrading and development of the National Grid⁷ recognises and provides for the expression of cultural values of mana whenua and their connections in subdivision design; and supports the character, amenity values, <u>anticipated⁸</u> form and function for the relevant zone.

² Forest and Bird [192.79].

³ Mainpower [249.204].

 ⁴ Waka Kotahi [275.28].
 ⁵ Fulton Hogan [41.31], Daiken [145.21], NZPork [169.15]
 ⁶ Kainga Ora [325.154], Concept Services [230.7] and Transpower [195.94].
 ⁷ Kainga Ora [325.154], Concept Services [230.7] and Transpower [195.94].

⁸ Kainga Ora [325.154].

⁹ Kainga Ora [325.154].

¹⁰ Kainga Ora [325.154]
	 b. supports the achievement of high quality urban design principles for multi-unit residential development;¹¹ 2. in Rural Zones: a. retains the ability for rural land to be used for primary production activities; and 3. in Open Space and Recreation Zones: a. provides a variety of types and sizes of open space and recreation areas to meet current and future recreation needs. 4. in Commercial and Mixed Use¹², and Industrial Zones; a. provides for the design and operative requirements of anticipated activities.¹³
SUB-P3	Sustainable design
30 D- F3	
	Ensure that subdivision design:
	1. maximises solar gain, including through:
	a. road and block layout; and
	b. allotment size, dimension, layout and orientation;
	2. in Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, and Open Space and
	Recreation Zones, supports walking, cycling and public transport; and
	3. promotes:
	a. water conservation, ¹⁴
	b. on-site collection of rainwater for non-potable use, ¹⁵
	c. water sensitive design, and
	 the treatment and/or attenuation of stormwater prior to discharge, and
	4. where appropriate promotes:
	a. water conservation
	b. onsite collection of rainwater for non-potable use, and 16
	5. recognises the need to maintain the design capacity of infrastructure within the
	public network and avoid causing flooding of downstream properties, and
	6. recognises and provides for the ability to adapt and respond to the effects of
	climate change and environmental pressures. $\frac{17}{7}$
	<u>climate change and environmental pressures.</u>
SUB-P4	Integration and connectivity
	Achieve integration and connectivity by ensuring:
	1. in urban environments that there is effective integration of subdivision patterns and
	•
	multi-modal transport connections within new development and to existing
	development;
	2. subdivision on the boundaries between new and existing development is managed
	to:
	 avoid or mitigate significant adverse effects, including reverse sensitivity
	effects, through the use of setbacks, landscaping to achieve screening, and
	other methods; and
	 b. continuation of transport and pedestrian or cycle linkages.
SUB-P5	Density in Residential Zones

¹¹ Kainga Ora [325.155].
¹² Ravenswood Developments Limited [347.11].
¹³ Ravenswood Developments Limited [347.11].
¹⁴ Kainga Ora [325.157].
¹⁵ Kainga Ora [325.157].

 ¹⁶ Kainga Ora [325.157].
 ¹⁷ Environment Canterbury [316.126].

		Provide for a variety of site sizes within Residential Zones, while achieving minimum residential site sizes that are no smaller than specified consistent with the character, amenity, and anticipated form and function of for ¹⁸ the zone.		
 road networks, relevant infrastructure and areas for possible future development; b. any land to be set aside: i. for community facilities or schoolseducational facility²⁰; ii.parks and land required for recreation or reserves; iii. for business activities; v. the distribution of different residential densities; v.for the integrated management of water systems, including stormwater treatment, secondary flow paths, retention and drainage paths; vi. from development for environmental or landscape protection or enhancement; and vii. from development for any other reason, and the reasons for its protection. c. for new Residential Development Areas demonstrate how each ODP a will achieve a minimum net density of at least 15 lots or households pe ha, unless there are demonstrated constraints that make compliance impractical,²¹ then no less than 12 households per ha; d. identify any cultural, natural, and historic heritage features and values a show how they are to be enhanced or maintained; e. indicate how required infrastructure will be provided and how it will be funded²⁸; f. set out the phasing and co-ordination of subdivision and development; g. demonstrate how effective provision is made for a range of transport options, including public transport systems, pedestrian walkways and cycleways, both within and adjoining the ODP area; h. for new Residential Development Areas, demonstrate how open space playgrounds or parks for recreation will be provided within a 500m radii of new residential allotments including: i. transport connectivity for active, public and other transport mod ii. connection to any other open space or community facility and other zones; and iii. protential alloce of open space for stormwater managemen 	SUB-P6	 Ensure that new Residential Development Areas, <u>new General Residential Zones</u>, <u>19</u> new Large Lot Residential Zones, new Commercial and Mixed Use Zones and new Industrial Zones shall not be subdivided until an ODP for that area has been included in the District Plan and each ODP shall: be prepared as a single plan; and be prepared in accordance with the following: a. identify principal roads, connections and integration with the surrounding road networks, relevant infrastructure and areas for possible future development; any land to be set aside: i. for community facilities or schoolseducational facility²⁰; ii. parks and land required for recreation or reserves; iii. for business activities; v. the distribution of different residential densities; v.for the integrated management of water systems, including stormwater treatment, secondary flow paths, retention and drainage paths; vi. from development for any other reason, and the reasons for its protection. c. for new Residential Development Areas demonstrate how each ODP area will achieve a minimum net density of at least 15 lots or households per ha, unless there are demonstrated constraints that make compliance impractical,²¹ then no less than 12 households per ha; d. identify any cultural, natural, and historic heritage features and values and show how they are to be enhanced or maintained; e. indicate how required infrastructure will be provided and how it will be funded²⁷; f. set out the phasing and co-ordination of subdivision and development; g. demonstrate how effective provision is made for a range of transport options, including public transport systems, pedestrian walkways and cycleways, both within and adjoining the ODP area; h. for new Residential Development Areas, demonstrate how open space, playgrounds or parks for recreation will be provided within a 500m radius of new residen		

¹⁸ Kainga Ora [325.159].
¹⁹ Waimakariri District Council [367.9].

 ²⁰ Ministry of Education [277.32].
 ²¹ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.36] Richard and Geoff Spark [183.7], Ngai Tahu Property [411.9 and 411.31], J & C Broughton [223.9], R Alloway and L Larsen [236.10], Dalkeith Holdings Ltd [242.7], M Hales [246.8]
 ²² Waka Kotahi [275.30].

	 designations, or planned infrastructure) will be avoided, remedied or appropriately mitigated; j. show how other potential adverse effects on the environment, the protection and enhancement of surface and groundwater quality, are to be avoided, remedied or mitigated; k. include any other information which is relevant to an understanding of the development and its proposed zoning; and l. demonstrate that the design will minimise any reverse sensitivity effects-, demonstrate how the adverse effects associated with natural hazards are to be avoided, remedied or mitigated, in accordance with the relevant objectives and policies in the NH - Natural Hazards Chapter, and²³ n. identify any indigenous biodiversity values and show how they will be 	
	protected and/or maintained in accordance with the relevant objectives and policies in the ECO – Ecosystems and Indigenous Biodiversity Chapter	
SUB-P7	Requirements of Outline Development Plans Ensure that subdivision is in accordance with the fixed orand in general accordance with $\frac{1}{24}$ flexible elements of any relevant ODP.	
SUB-P8		
SUB-P9	 Access to, protection and enhancement of the margins of water bodies During subdivision development: ensure the protection and enhancement of the margins of water bodies; and maintain the diversity, quality and quantity of any resources valued for mahinga kai through protection or restoration. 	
SUB-P10	Esplanade reserves and esplanade strips	

 ²³ Environment Canterbury [316.129].
 ²⁴ Bellgrove [408.23], Richard and Geoff Spark [183.8], J & C Broughton [223.9], R Alloway and L Larsen [236.11], Dalkeith Holdings Ltd [242.8], M Hales [246.9], CA and GJ McKeever [111.28], John Stevenson [162.27], Chloe Chai and Mark McKitterick [256.28], Clampett Investments Limited [284.208], Kainga Ora [325.161], Rolleston Industrial Developments Ltd [326.345], KiwiRail [373.63], and Keith Godwin [418.28]. ²⁵ Waka Kotahi [275.31].

Provide for the creation of esplanade reserves or esplanade strips in areas where there is an actual or potential benefit for access, recreation, conservation or natural hazard
mitigation by:
 identifying water bodies where such reserves or strips will be provided, regardless of subdivision site size;
recognising that provision of other areas that provide public benefit will be desirable; and
providing for minimum site sizes to be calculated as if any esplanade reserve resulting from the subdivision was part of the overall subdivision area.

Activity Rules

SUB-R1	Boundary adjustment		
All Zones	Activity status: CON Where: 1. SUB-S21 ²⁶ to SUB-S18 are met. Matters of control are restricted to: SUB-MCD1 - Allotment area and dimensions SUB-MCD2 - Subdivision design SUB-MCD3 - Property access SUB-MCD5 - Natural hazards Notification An application for a controlled activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.		Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards
SUB-R2	Subdivision		
All Zones Commercial and Mixed Use Zones Rural Zones Industrial Zones Open Space and Recreation Zones Special Purpose Zones Large Lot Residential Zone General Residential Zone	Activity status: CON Where: 1. SUB-S1 to SUB-S18 are met., except where: a. the allotment is for any unstaffed infrastructure, accessway or road; b. the subdivision is of a fee simple allotment from an approved cross lease site, where the exclusive use areas shown on the existing cross lease plan are not altered, and where only SUB-S5 will apply; c. the subdivision site is a reserve created under the Reserves Act 1977,		status when compliance not achieved: but in the relevant subdivision standards

²⁶ Waimakariri District Council [367.14].

Settlement Zone ²⁷	or any esplanade reserve allotment; or d. otherwise specified in this chapter. ²⁸ Matters of control/discretion are restricted to: SUB-MCD1 - Allotment area and dimensions SUB-MCD2 - Subdivision design SUB-MCD3 - Property access SUB-MCD4 - Esplanade provision SUB-MCD6 - Infrastructure SUB-MCD7 - Mana whenua SUB-MCD7 - Mana whenua SUB-MCD8 - Archaeological sites SUB-MCD10 - Reverse sensitivity SUB-MCD13 - Historic heritage, culture and notable trees	
	Notification An application for a controlled activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.	
Medium Density Residential Zone	 <u>SUB-S1 to SUB18 are met,</u> <u>except where:</u> a. <u>the allotment is for any unstaffed infrastructure, accessway or road;</u> b. <u>the subdivision is of a fee simple allotment from an approved cross lease site, where the exclusive use areas shown on the existing cross lease plan are not altered, and where only SUB-S5 will apply;</u> c. <u>the subdivision site is a reserve created under the Reserves Act 1977, or any esplanade reserve allotment; or</u> 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards for SUB-S1 to SUB-S18. Activity status when compliance not achieved with SUB-R2(2a): DIS Activity status when compliance not achieved with SUB-R2(2b): DIS ³²

- ²⁷ V1 as notified
 ²⁸ Transpower [195.95].
 ³² V1 as notified

d. where otherwise	
specified in this	
chapter.	
2. Either:	
a. for every site with an	
existing residential unit,	
either:	
i. the subdivision	
does not increase	
the degree of any	
non-compliance	
with the built form	
standards of this	
zone; or	
ii. <u>land use consent</u>	
for the non-	
<u>compliance has</u>	
been granted.	
b. for every site without an	
existing residential unit,	
either:	
i. the subdivision	
application is	
accompanied by a	
land use	
application that	
will be determined	
concurrently with	
the subdivision	
application that	
demonstrates that	
it is practicable to	
<u>construct, as a</u>	
permitted activity,	
<u>a residential unit</u>	
<u>on every site</u> and	
that no vacant	
sites will be	
created ; or	
ii. Every vacant site	
(other than a site	
used exclusively	
for access.	
reserves, or	
infrastructure, or	
which is wholly	
subject to a	
<u>designation) has a</u>	
dimension not less	
<u>than 16mx23m</u>	
and a building	

	<u>square not less</u>
	<u>than 8mx15m²⁹</u>
iii.	<u>every site</u>
	(including sites
	that are subject to
	a legal mechanism
	restricting the
	number of
	residential units
	which can be
	erected):
	1. <u>is practicable</u>
	to construct
	<u>as a</u>
	<u>permitted</u>
	<u>activity a</u>
	residential
	unit; and
	2. complies with
	the built form
	standards of
	this zone for
	each
	residential
	<u>unit</u>
	<u>constructed;</u>
	and
	3. Every vacant
	<u>site (other</u>
	<u>than a site</u>
	used
	exclusively
	for access,
	reserves, or
	infrastructure,
	or which is
	wholly
	subject to a
	designation)
	<u>has a</u> dimonsion
	dimension
	not less than
	<u>16mx23m</u>
	and a
	<u>building</u>
	square not
	less than
	8mx15m
	4. No vacant
	allotments
	are created ³⁰

²⁹ Carolina Homes et al [V1 58.8]
 ³⁰ Carolina Homes et al [V1 58.8]

	For the purpose of 3(a)(i), if a subdivision is proposed between residential units that share a common wall, the requirements as to height in relation to boundary in the district plan do not apply along the length of the common wall. Notification An application for a controlled activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified. ³¹	
SUB-R3	Subdivision within the Liquefac	ction Overlay
Liquefaction Overlay	Activity status: CON Where: 3. a building platform is identified on the subdivision plan; and 4. SUB-S1 to SUB-S18 are met. Matters of control are restricted to: Matters of control listed in SUB-R2 SUB-MCD12 - Liquefaction hazard overlay	Activity status when compliance with SUB-R3 (1) not achieved: NC Activity status when compliance with SUB-R3 (2) not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards
SUB-R3a ³³	Subdivision to Update Cross Lea	ases, Company Leases Plans, and Unit Title Plans
	 <u>Every title or leased</u> <u>area³⁴ has legal access</u> <u>to a road, and that</u> <u>access is not obtained by</u> <u>crossing a railway line;</u> <u>Every title or leased</u> <u>areas is supplied with a</u> <u>potable water supply;</u> <u>Every title or leased area</u> <u>is supplied with a</u> <u>connection to a</u> <u>reticulated wastewater</u> <u>network, where</u> <u>available³⁵.</u> 	Activity status when compliance not achieved not achieved: NC ³⁷
	Matters of control are restricted to:	

³¹ V1as notified

³³ Eliot Sinclair [233.1].

³⁴ Eliot Sinclair [233.1].

³⁵ Eliot Sinclair [233.1].

³⁷ Eliot Sinclair [233.1].

	SUB-MCD1 – Allotment area and dimensions SUB-MCD3 – Property access SUB-MCD5 – Natural Hazards SUB-MCD6 – Infrastructure SUB-MCD11 – Effects on or from National Grid and Major Electricity Distribution Lines ³⁶ Notification An application for a controlled activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.	
SUB-R4	Subdivision within flood hazard	d areas
Urban Flood Assessment Overlay Non-Urban Flood Assessment Overlay Coastal Flood Assessment Overlay	 An allotment is intended to accommodate a natural hazard sensitive activity.³⁸ a building platform is identified on the subdivision plan; and if located within the non- 	Activity status when compliance with SUB-R4 (1) not achieved: NC Activity status when compliance with SUB-R4 (2) or SUB-R4 (3) not achieved: NC Activity status when compliance with SUB-R4 (4) not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards

³⁶ Mainpower [249.100]
 ³⁸ Nicholas Hoogeveen [202.3].

	• A Flood Assessment Certificate issued in accordance with NH-S1 will confirm if the site is located within a high hazard area.	
SUB-R5	Subdivision containing a site or	r area of significance to Māori
Wāhi Tapu Overlay Wāhi Taonga Overlay Ngā Tūranga Tūpuna Overlay Ngā Wai Overlay	Activity status: RDIS Where: 1. SUB-S1 to SUB-S18 are met. Matters of discretion are restricted to: Matters of control/discretion listed in SUB-R2 SUB-MCD7 - Mana whenua Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being notified, but may be limited notified only to Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnanga where the consent authority considers this is required, absent its written approval.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards
SUB-R6 ³⁹	Subdivision within the National Grid <u>Yard Subdivision Corridor</u>	

³⁹ Transpower [195.96].

Qualifying	Activity status: RDIS	Activity status when compliance not
matter -	National Grid subdivision	achieved: NC
<u>N</u> national	corridor / National Grid Yard	
<u>G</u> grid subdivision	Where:	
corridor <u>/</u>	1. a building platform is	
National	identified on the	
Grid Yard	subdivision plan that is	
	inside <u>outside of the</u> National Grid Yard	
	Subdivision Corridor, to	
	be secured by way of a	
	consent notice; and	
	2. <u>SUB-S1 to SUB-S18 are</u>	
	<u>met.</u>	
	Matters of discretion are	
	restricted to:	
	Mottore of control/discretion	
	Matters of control/discretion listed in SUB-R2	
	SUB-MCD191 - Effects on or	
	from the National Grid and Major	
	Electricity Distribution Lines	
	Notification	
	An application for a restricted	Activity status when compliance with SUB-R6
	discretionary activity under this	(3) not achieved: NC
	rule is precluded from being publicly and limited notified 40	- Activity status when compliance with SUB-R6
	publicity and inniced notified	(4) not achieved: as set out in the
National	Activity status: RDIS	relevant subdivision standards
Grid	-	
Yard Overlay	Where: 3. a <u>building</u> platform is	
	identified on	
	the <u>subdivision</u> plan that is	
	outside of the <u>National</u>	
	<u>Grid</u> Yard, to be secured by way of a consent notice;	
	and	
	4. <u>SUB-S1 to SUB-S18</u> are	
	met.	
	Matters of discretion are restricted to:	
	Matters of control/discretion	
	listed in <u>SUB-R2</u>	
	<u>SUB-MCD110 - Effects on</u>	
	or from the <u>National Grid</u> Notification	

⁴⁰ Mainpower [249.100]



Heritage Building or Item Overlay Heritage Area Overlay Notable Trees Overlay	Activity status: RDIS Where: 1. SUB-S1 to SUB-S18 are met. Matters of discretion are restricted to: Matters of control/discretion listed in SUB-R2 SUB-MCD13 - Historic heritage and notable trees	Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards	
SUB-R8	Subdivision to create a bonus a	llotment	
Rural Zones		Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards	
SUB-R9	Subdivision		
Outstandin Natural Feature an Landscape Overlay Significant Natural Areas (SNA Overlay Fault Awareness Overlay	Where: 1. SUB-S1 to SUB-S18 are met.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant subdivision standards	
Ashley Fault Avoidance Overlay	Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
SUB-R10	Subdivision		
General Rural Zone	Activity status: NC Where: 1. subdivision creates an allotm a minimum allotment area les 20ha, except where a subdivi takes place to accommodate infrastructure.	ss than ⁄ision	

SUB-R11	Subdivision resulting in an allotment that is less than 4ha within the 50dBA Ldn noise contour for Christchurch International Airport	
Rural Lifestyle Zone within the 50 dBA Ldn Noise Contour for Christchurch International Airport	Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A

<u>SUB-R12⁴¹</u>	Subdivision within the Special Purpose	Zone (Rangiora Airfield)
Special	Activity status: RDIS	Activity status when not achieved with
Purpose		<u>SUB-R12(1): DIS</u>
<u>Zone</u>	Where:	
(Rangiora	1. SUB-S1-S18 are met.	Activity status when not achieved with
Airfield)	2. A resource consent application	SUB-R12(2): PR
	made under this rule shall include	
	a condition to be specified in a	
	consent notice or other	
	appropriate legal instrument to be	
	registered against the record of	
	title for the land specifying that:	
	a. All residential activity within	
	Activity Area A must be	
	associated with an airfield	
	related activity on the same	
	site.	
	b. All new noise sensitive land	
	uses must enter into a no-	
	complaints covenant in favour	
	of the Waimakariri District	
	Council.	
	Matters of control/discretion are	
	restricted to:	
	SUB-MCD1 - Allotment area and	
	dimensions	
	SUB-MCD2 - Subdivision design	
	SUB-MCD2 - Subdivision design	
	SUB-MCD4 - Natural hazards	
	SUB-MCD6 - Infrastructure	
	SUB-MCD7 - Mana whenua	
	SUB-MCD8 - Archaeological sites	
	SUB-MCD9 – Airport and aircraft	
	noise	
	SUB-MCD10 - Reverse sensitivity	

⁴¹ Daniel Smith [10].

SUB-MCD13 - Historic heritage, culture and notable trees	
Notification An application for a controlled activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.	

SUB-R6A	Subdivision and Major Electricity Distributi	on Lines
	Activity status: RDIS	
	Where:	
	1. the subdivision is within 24m of the	
	centreline of the major electricity	
	distribution lines as shown on the	
	planning maps and:	
	a. <u>is located on the same site as</u>	
	<u>a Major Electricity Distribution</u> Line; or	
	b. <u>adjoins a Major Electricity</u>	
	Distribution Line located in the	
	road reserve on the same side	
	of the road as the site being	
	subdivided; and	
	c. <u>a building square for a building</u> or structure is positioned at	
	least 6m from the:	
	i. Centreline of the major	
	electricity distribution lines	Activity status when compliance with SUB-R6A not achieved: NC
All Zones	as shown on the planning	Activity status when compliance with SUB-
	maps; and	R6A (2) not achieved: as set out in the
	ii. <u>Foundation of any support</u>	relevant subdivision standards.
	structure of any major electricity distribution line as	
	shown on the planning	
	maps.	
	2. <u>SUB-S1 to SUB-S18 are met.</u>	
	Matters of discretion are restricted to:	
	Matters of control listed in SUB-	
	MCD11 – Effects on or from the	
	National Grid and Major Electricity	
	Distribution Lines	
	Notification	
	An application for a restricted discretionary	
	activity under this rule is precluded from being	
	publicly notified, but may be limited notified	
	only to MainPower New Zealand Limited,	
	where the consent authority considers this is required, absent its written approval. ⁴²	
	required, absent its written approval. ¹¹	

⁴² Mainpower [249.100]

Subdivision Standards

SUB-S1 Allotment size and dimensions	
 All allotments created shall comply with Table SUB-1. 	 Activity status when compliance not achieved: 1. In the Medium Density Residential Zone, any Industrial Zone and Special Purpose Zone (Kaiapoi Regeneration): DIS 2. In any other zone: NC

Table SUB-1: Minimum allotment sizes and dimensions

The following shall apply:

- a) For unit title or cross-lease allotments, the allotment area shall be calculated per allotment over the area of the parent site.
- b) The subdivision is of a fee simple allotment from an approved cross lease site, where the exclusive use areas shown on the existing cross lease plan are not altered, are exempt from the minimum site sizes in Table SUB-1⁴³
- <u>c)</u> Minimum areas and dimensions of allotments in Table SUB-1 for Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones, and Residential Zones and the Special Purpose Zone (Rangiora <u>Airfield)⁴⁴</u> shall be the net site area.
- <u>d</u>) Allotments for unstaffed infrastructure, <u>accessway or road,⁴⁵</u> excluding for any balance area, are exempt from the minimum site sizes in Table SUB-1.
- e) <u>Allotments for a reserve created under the Reserves Act 1977 or any esplanade reserves</u> <u>allotment, are exempt from the minimum, site sizes in Table SUB-1.⁴⁶</u>

Zone	Minimum allotment area	Internal square	Frontage (excluding rear lots)
Residential Zones			
Large Lot Residential Zone	2,500m ² with a minimum average of 5,000m ² for allotments within the subdivision	n/a	n/a
General Residential Zone	500m ² <u>No minimum where a</u> <u>land use consent</u> (where required) and/or building consent have <u>been submitted and</u> <u>approved⁴⁷</u>	15m x 15m	15m
<u>Medium Density</u> Residential Zone	200m² <u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>

- ⁴³ Transpower [195.95].
- ⁴⁴ Daniel Smith [10.1].
- ⁴⁵ Transpower [195.95].
- ⁴⁶ Transpower [195.95].
- 47 Kainga Ora [325.166]

<u>(without qualifying</u> <u>matters)</u>	for the purpose of the construction and use of residential units No minimum for multi- unit residential development where the design statement and land use consent have been submitted and approved ⁴⁸		
Medium Density Residential Zone (with qualifying matter - airport noise) ⁴⁹	200m ² (except if subject to gualifying matter - natural hazards) ⁵⁹	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u> ⁵¹
Medium Density Residential Zone (with qualifying matter - natural hazards) ⁵²	<u>Kaiapoi Area A 200m²</u> <u>Kaiapoi Area B</u> <u>500m²⁵³</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Medium Density Residential Zone (with qualifying matter - national grid subdivision corridor) also refer to rule SUB- <u>R6⁵⁴</u>	<u>200m²</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Settlement Zone	600m ²	15m x 15m	15m
Rural Zones			
General Rural Zone	20ha	n/a	n/a
Rural Lifestyle Zone	4ha	n/a	n/a
Bonus allotment	1ha	n/a	n/a
Commercial and Mixed Use Zones			
Town Centre Zone	No minimum	n/a	n/a
Neighbourhood Centre Zone	No minimum	n/a	n/a
Local Centre Zone	No minimum	n/a	n/a
Mixed Use Zone	No minimum	n/a	n/a
Large Format Retail Zone	1,000m ²	n/a	n/a

⁴⁸ V1 as notified
⁴⁹ V1 as notified
⁵⁰ V1 as notified
⁵¹ Kainga Ora [V1 80.21]
⁵² V1 as notified

⁵³ V1 as notified

⁵⁴ V1 as notified

Industrial Zones			
Light Industrial Zone	500m ²	n/a	n/a
General Industrial Zone	1,000m ²	n/a	n/a
Heavy Industrial Zone	5,000m ²	n/a	n/a
Open Space Zones			
Natural Open Zone	No minimum	n/a	n/a
Open Space Zone	No minimum	n/a	n/a
Sport and Active Recreation Zone	No minimum	n/a	n/a
Special Purpose Zones			
Special Purpose Zone (Hospital)	500m ²	15m x 15m	15m
Special Purpose Zone (Museum and Conference Centre)	700m ²	n/a	n/a
Special Purpose Zone (Kāinga Nohoanga)			
 Māori land including within the Tuahiwi Precinct and the Large Lot Residential Precinct; 	No minimum	n/a	n/a
 Other land outside the Tuahiwi Precinct and the Large Lot Residential Precinct 	4ha	n/a	n/a
 Other land within the Tuahiwi Precinct 	600m ²	15m x 15m	15m
 Other land within the Large Lot Residential Precinct 	2,500m ² with a minimum average of 5,000m ² for allotments within the subdivision	n/a	n/a
Special Purpose Zone (Kaiapoi Regeneration)	500m ²	n/a	n/a
Special Purpose Zone (Pines Beach and Kairaki Regeneration)	600m ²	15m x15m	15m

		1	1
Special Purpose Zone (Pegasus Resort)			
• Areas 1, 2, and 4	No minimum	n/a	n/a
• LOT 2 DP 80926	<u>2000m²</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u> 55
All other areas	4ha	n/a	n/a
SpecialPurposeZone(Rangiora Airfield)•ActivityAreaA•ActivityAreaA(Airfield Central)	• <u>500m²</u>		
<u>Activity Area B Airfield</u> <u>Environs (Residential)</u>	• <u>7000m²56</u>		
SUB-S2 Identified build	ing platforms and dispos	sal areas in Rural Zones	
 Any new allotment in the Rural Zones shall include one or more identified building platform<u>s associated with a residential unit</u> and associated accessory buildings,⁵⁷ and a sewage disposal area, unless it is required to be serviced by a reticulated wastewater system. Any identified building platform must be located to comply with BFS4 and BFS5 for the relevant Zone⁵⁸. 		Activity status when co NC	mpliance not achieved:
SUB-S3 Residential yiel	d		
 Residential subdivision of any area subject to an ODP, <u>which is located within the</u> <u>Medium Density Residential Zone</u>,⁵⁹ <u>except in the Large Lot Residential Zone</u>,⁶⁰ shall provide for a minimum net density of 15 households per ha, unless <u>a lower</u> <u>minimum net density is specified for the</u> <u>ODP in the relevant Development Area</u> <u>Appendix⁶¹</u>. there are demonstrated <u>constraints then no less than 12</u> <u>households per ha</u>. 		Activity status when co NC-<u>DIS</u>⁶²	mpliance not achieved:
SUB-S4 Areas subject to an ODP			

⁵⁵ Howard Stone [191.1]

- ⁵⁷ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2).

- ⁶¹ Richard and Geoff Spark [183.7], J & C Broughton [223.8], R Alloway and L Larsen [236.10], Dalkeith Holdings Ltd [242.7],
- M Hales [246.8] and Ngai Tahu Property [411.31]
- 62 Richard and Geoff Spark [183.7], J & C Broughton [223.8], R Alloway and L Larsen [236.10], Dalkeith Holdings Ltd [242.7],

M Hales [246.8] and Ngai Tahu Property [411.31

⁵⁶ Daniel Smith [10.1].

 ⁵⁸ NZPork [169.18]
 ⁵⁹ R and G Spark [183.9].
 ⁶⁰ R and G Spark [183.9].

 Any subdivision shall comply with the relevant ODP and rules for the ODP, as set out in the Development Areas Chapter of the District Plan. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS
SUB-S5 Legal and physical access	
 Any allotment created shall have legal and physical access to a legal road. Within the Special Purpose Zone (Rangiora Airfield) at each stage of subdivision, the applicant must provide Council with evidence of an enforceable legal agreement to ensure that the lots on the plan of subdivision are guaranteed access via the planned taxiways to the Rangiora Airfield, for as long as the Rangiora Airfield remains in use. The enforceable legal agreement must: <u>a</u> Be between the relevant applicant/landowner and the owner of the Rangiora Airfield; <u>b</u> Be registered on the record of title for any new site created. <u>c</u>. The section 224(c) certificate for the subdivision must not be issued until the Council is satisfied that this requirement is met. All taxiways within the Special Purpose Zone (Rangiora Airfield) must be accompanied by a statement from a suitably qualified expert certifying that they are legally protected, formed, and designed (with safety fencing if necessary), in accordance with the requirements of the Civil Aviation Authority.⁶³ 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC
SUB-S6 Access to a strategic road or arterial ro	ad
 Any subdivision of a site in any Rural Zone that creates two or more new allotments that access onto a strategic road or arterial road, shall be jointly served by a single accessway. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS
SUB-S7 Corner sites on road intersections in R Zones, Special Purpose Zones, or Industrial Zo	
 Any allotment created adjacent to any road intersection in Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Special Purpose Zones or Industrial Zones, shall, on the boundaries adjacent to the intersection, either: a. have a corner splayed with a diagonal line reducing each boundary by a minimum of 6m; or 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC

63 Daniel Smith [10.1].

 b. have a corner rounded to a radius of a minimum of 6m; and c. show the corner splay or corner rounding vesting as road. 	
SUB-S8 Corner sites on road intersections in R	ural Zones
 The corner of any allotment at any road intersection in any subdivision in any Rural Zones, shall be splayed with a diagonal line reducing each boundary by: a minimum of 6m on local road or collector road; and a minimum of 15m on any strategic road or arterial road. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC
SUB-S9 Potable water in Residential Zones, Co Purpose Zones, or Industrial Zones	mmercial and Mixed Use Zones, Special
 Any new allotment created in Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Special Purpose Zones or Industrial Zones shall be served with: a. community reticulated potable water supply, where available, to the boundary; or b. where community reticulated potable water supply is not available, as described in rule EI-R45, potable water supply is to be provided by private reticulated potable water supply or potable groundwater. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved with SUB-S9 (1)(a): NC Activity status when compliance not achieved with SUB-S9 (1)(b): DIS
SUB-S10 Potable water in Rural Zones	
 Any new allotment in Rural Zones shall be served with community reticulated potable water supply, where available, private reticulated potable water supply or potable groundwater. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS
SUB-S11 Water supply for firefighting	
 All new allotments intended for residential use shall demonstrate at the time of application for subdivision that: a. sufficient water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting is available to all residential units via the District Council's urban reticulated system (where available) in accordance with the SNZ PAS 4509:2008 New Zealand Fire Service firefighting water supplies code of practice; and b. where a reticulated water supply compliant with SNZ PAS:4509:2008 is not available, or the only supply 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC

available is the controlled restricted rural type water supply which is not compliant with SNZ PAS:4509:2008 water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting that is in compliance with the alternative firefighting water sources provisions of SNZ PAS 4509:2008 must be provided.			
SUB-S12 Reticulated wastewater disposal in Re Zones, Special Purpose Zones, or Industrial Zon			
 Any new allotment in Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Special Purpose Zones, or Industrial Zones shall be served: to the boundary by a reticulated wastewater system, where available; or where a reticulated wastewater system is not available as described in EI-R45, wastewater disposal is to be provided by on site waste water treatment services. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC		
SUB-S13 Offsite wastewater disposal fields	SUB-S13 Offsite wastewater disposal fields		
1. Any allotments developed for a community wastewater scheme that includes a separate wastewater disposal field on another site shall be held together in a manner that they cannot be disposed of separately without the express permission of the District Council.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC		
SUB-S14 Electricity supply and communication	s connectivity		
 Any new allotment shall be served by electricity supply and shall demonstrate at the time of application for subdivision that connection to communication infrastructure including phone, internet and broadband can be achieved. Where two or more allotments share an accessway, the electricity supply and any communication lines necessary to achieve (1) shall be available where the accessway joins the main body of each allotment. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS		
SUB-S15 Stormwater disposal in Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Special Purpose Zones, or Industrial Zones			
 Any new allotment in Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones or Special Purpose Zones shall demonstrate at the time of application for subdivision that it can be: 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC		

	1
 a. served by reticulated stormwater infrastructure where it is available at the boundary of the allotment; or b. where no such infrastructure is available, provided with on-site stormwater disposal. 	
SUB-S16 Rural drainage	
 Any new allotment in Rural Zones shall connect to a public drain if the allotment is within a rural drainage area. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS
SUB-S17 Esplanade reserves or strips	
 An esplanade reserve or esplanade strip shall be created or set aside in the following circumstances: a. except where provided by (c), an esplanade reserve or esplanade strip shall be created or set aside for any allotment which is created on subdivision regardless of the size of the allotment created where any part of the land to be subdivided:	Activity status when compliance not achieved with SUB-S17(a) and/or SUB-S17(c) ⁶⁴ : NC Activity status when compliance not achieved with SUB-S17(b): RDIS ⁶⁵

Table SUB-2: Esplanade Reserve or Esplanade Strip Requirements for water bodies *

Water body	Reach	Purpose (as set out in section 229 of the RMA)
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⁶⁴ Sarah Gale [273.6] and Bellgrove [408.25].
 ⁶⁵ Sarah Gale [273.6] and Bellgrove [408.25].

Cam River	From 52 Kippenberger Avenue (inclusive), legally described as Lot 2 DP 394668 Lot 2 DP 452196 Lot 2 DP 12090 Lot 2 DP 24808 Pt Lot 2 DP 9976 Pt Rural Sec 267 to Kippenberger Avenue From Kippenberger Avenue to the confluence with the Kaiapoi River	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation
Coastal Margins	The length of the CMA boundary including the Ashley River/Rakahuri, Saltwater and Waimakariri Estuaries	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access
Courtenay Stream	From the crossing of Main North Road to confluence with the Kaiapoi River	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
Cust River	From crossing of Tippings Road to crossing of Rangiora – Oxford Road	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
Kaikanui Stream	From crossing of Tram Road to confluence with the Kaiapoi River	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
Kaiapoi River (upper reaches sometimes referred to as Silverstream)	From crossing of Heywards Road to the confluence with the Waimakariri River	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
Middle Brook	From crossing of King Street to confluence with the South Brook	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
North Brook	From crossing of Rangiora-Oxford Road to confluence with the South Brook	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
Ohoka Stream (North and Central Branch)	From crossing of Bradleys Road to Christmas Road	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation
	From Christmas Road to the confluence with the Kaiapoi River	 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access

			 Recreational use
Saltwater Creek at Pines/Kairaki	Downstream of a point west of Avenue to the coastal marine		 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
South Brook	From crossing of Lehmans Road to confluence with the Cam River		 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
Taranaki Stream	From Lot 2 DP 1799 and Lot 1 DP 76141 Preeces Road		 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation
Taranaki Stream	Preeces Road to the confluence with the Ashley River/Rakahuri		 Conservation Natural hazard mitigation Access Recreational use
Waikuku Stream	From most western crossing of Gressons Road to the Ashley River//Rakahuri		ConservationAccessRecreational use
SUB-S18 Subdivision to create a bonus allotment			
 Any subdivision for the protection and restoration of a mapped⁶⁶ SNA listed in ECO-SCHED1⁶⁷ shall meet the requirements of Appendix APP2. Activity status when compliance not achieve NC 		mpliance not achieved:	

Advice Notes

SUB-AN1	Resource consent may be required where land is being subdivided under the NESCS. Reference must be made to the NESCS to determine whether such consents are required.
SUB-AN2	Communication infrastructure includes mobile network capacity where physical network connection does not exist.
<u>SUB-AN3</u>	Where the state highway has been declared a Limited Access Road, approval from <i>Waka Kotahi</i> is required for new accesses or changes to existing accesses. The objective of this control is to protect the operation of the state highway from uncontrolled property access that can affect the safety, efficiency, functionality and level of service of the state highway. Limited access roads are most commonly in areas with a heightened development pressure. <i>Waka Kotahi</i> should be consulted initially with respect to development along limited access roads. ⁶⁸

 ⁶⁶ Federated Farmers [414.19] and Department of Conservation [419.92].
 ⁶⁷ Federated Farmers [414.19] and Department of Conservation [419.92].

⁶⁸ Waka Kotahi [275.36].

Matters of Control and Discretion

SUB-MCD1	 Allotment area and dimensions The extent to which allotment area and dimensions enables activities to take place in accordance with the function, role and character of the zone. Area and dimensions of allotments for access, utilities, reserves and roads. Area and dimensions of allotments created for conservation, restoration or enhancement or for any notable tree or historic heritage item with heritage values, and any significant indigenous vegetation or significant habitat of indigenous fauna, or wāhi taonga. Any effect that the balance area of a residential subdivision will have on the achievement of any required minimum net household density. With respect to subdivision to update cross lease plans, company plans or unit title plans, the extent to which the functionality in relation to outdoor living space, outdoor service area or outdoor storage areas are reduced.⁶⁹
SUB-MCD2	Subdivision design
	1. The extent to which design and construction of roads, service lanes, and
	accessways and within the Special Purpose Zone (Rangiora Airfield) taxiways ⁷⁰ will
	provide legal and physical access that is safe and efficient.
	2. The extent to which the proposal complies with any relevant ODP or concept plan. Where a proposal does not comply with an ODP or concept plan, the extent to
	which the proposal achieves the same, or better urban design and environmental
	outcomes, than provided through the ODP or concept plan.
	The extent to which allotments provide for solar orientation of buildings to achieve passive solar gain.
	4. Design of the subdivision and any mitigation of reverse sensitivity effects on
	infrastructure.
	5. The provision and location of walkways and cycleways, the extent to which they are separated from roads and connected to the transport network.
	6. The provision and use of open stormwater channels, wetlands and waterbodies,
	excluding aquifers and pipes and how they are proposed to be maintained.
	7. The provision, location, design, protection, management and intended use of
	reserves and open space. 8. The extent to which areas of significant indigenous vegetation or significant habitats
	of indigenous fauna, the natural character of freshwater bodies, springs,
	watercourses, notable trees, historic heritage items, or wahi taonga are protected
	and their values maintained.
	 The extent to which subdivision subject to an ODP: a. provides for the protection of routes for future roads, and other public features
	of the subdivision, from being built on; and
	 b. will not undermine or inhibit the future development of identified new development errors
	development areas. 10. <u>The extent to which subdivision within the Medium Density Residential Zone</u>
	subject to an ODP:
	a. Has demonstrated constraints that affect the ability to achieve the anticipated
	minimum net density as set out in SUB-P6; and b. Contributes to providing residential housing capacity. ⁷¹
	<u>11. Within the Special Purpose Zone (Rangiora Airfield):</u>

⁶⁹ Eliot Sinclair [233.1]. ⁷⁰ Daniel Smith [10.1] ⁷¹ R and G Spark [FS 37].

	 a. <u>whether information is provided to show the subdivision demonstrates</u> <u>compliance with any Civil Aviation rule; and</u> b. <u>whether appropriate legal mechanisms are proposed for identified allotments</u> to restrict the total number of residential units within Area A to 30, in <u>accordance with SPZ(RA)-R5(1)(1)(c)⁷².</u> 	
SUB-MCD3	 Property access The extent to which the subdivision makes provision for: the location, design, lighting, alignment and pattern of roads in relation to allotments; the provision of access, including consideration of the need for any upgrades to existing accesses where there are increased effects as a result of increased traffic arising from subdivision⁷³; the location, design, and provision of vehicle crossings in particular, taking into account infrastructure, transport safety⁷⁴ and street trees in the roading corridor; the location and design of footpaths and cycleways including their convenience, safety and separation from roads by visual and/or physical means; and road reserves and links to future subdivision on adjoining land. 	
SUB-MCD4		
SUB-MCD5	 Natural hazards 1. The extent to which risk from natural hazards has been addressed, including any effects on the use of the site for its intended purpose, including: a. provision of works for the subdivision including access and infrastructure; b. the location and type of infrastructure; c. location of structures and any identified building platform or platforms for natural hazard sensitive activities; d. any restriction on, or requirement for floor levels, floor levels and freeboard, and land levels as a result of flood hazard risk; and 	

 ⁷² Daniel Smith [10.1].
 ⁷³ Waka Kotahi [275.37].
 ⁷⁴ Waimakariri District Council [367.64].

	 e. location and quantity of filling and earthworks that can be affected by the following hazards or which could affect the impact of those hazards on any allotment or other land in the vicinity: erosion; flooding and inundation; landslip; v. rockfall; v. alluvion; avulsion; unconsolidated fill; viii. defensible space for fire safety; soil contamination; liquefaction. 2. The extent to which necessary overland flow paths are maintained, including consideration of any culvert development or road access that may impede overland flow. 3. Any effects from fill or difference in finished ground levels on stormwater management on the site and adjoining properties and the appropriateness of the fill material.
SUB-MCD6	 Infrastructure The quantity, security and potability of the water and means, location and design of supply, including;
SUB-MCD7	 Mana whenua The extent to which protection of sites and areas of significance to Māori as set out in SASM-SCHED1 is provided for through the subdivision. Provision of public access along and in the vicinity of the Taranaki Stream. The effectiveness and environmental effects of any measures proposed for mitigating the effects of subdivision on wāhi taonga identified by Te Ngāi Tuahuriri Rūnanga.

	 Archaeological sites 1. Any archaeological sites are identified on the allotments, and any provisions to identify and/or protect archaeological sites. 2. Any protocols to provide for wāhi taonga, wāhi tapu, urupā and other historic cultural sites. 3. Processes that protect the interests of Te Rūnanga o Ngāi Tahu and Te Ngāi Tuahuriri Rūnanga.
SUB-MCD9	 Airport and aircraft noise Any reverse sensitivity effect on the operation of the Christchurch International Airport from subdivision; and⁷⁵ Any reverse sensitivity effect on the operation of the Rangiora Airfield from subdivision⁷⁶ Any effects from aircraft noise on the use of the site for its intended purpose.⁷⁷
SUB- MCD10	 Reverse sensitivity Any need to provide a separation distance for any residential unit or minor residential unit from existing activities, and any need to ensure that subsequent owners are aware of potential reverse sensitivity issues from locating near
SUB- MCD11	 Effects on or from the National Grid and Major Electricity Distribution Lines The extent to which the subdivision allows for earthworks, buildings and structures to comply with the safe distance requirements of the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances. The provision for the ongoing efficient operation, maintenance, development and upgrade of the National Grid or the Major Electricity Distribution Lines, including the ability for continued reasonable access to existing transmission or distribution lines for maintenance, inspections and upgrading. The extent to which potential adverse effects (including visual and reverse sensitivity effects) are mitigated through the location of an identified building platform or platforms. The extent to which the design and construction of the subdivision allows for activities to be set back from the National Grid or the Major Electricity Distribution Lines, including the ability to ensure adverse effects on, and from, the National Grid or the Major Electricity Distribution Lines. The nature and location of any proposed vegetation to be planted in the vicinity of the National Grid or the Major Electricity Distribution Lines. The nature and location of any proposed vegetation to be planted in the vicinity of the National Grid or the Major Electricity Distribution Lines.

⁷⁵ V1 as notified

⁷⁶ Daniel Smith [10.1].

 ⁷⁷ V1 as notified
 ⁷⁸ Daniel Smith [10.1].
 ⁷⁹ Fulton Hogan [41.31], Daiken [145.21 and 145.22], NZPork [169.15]
 ⁸⁰ Waka Kotahi [275.38].

	 The extent to which the subdivision plan clearly identifies the National Grid <u>or the</u> <u>Major Electricity Distribution Lines⁸¹</u> and identified building platform or platforms.
SUB- MCD12	 Liquefaction Hazard Overlay The extent of liquefaction remediation measures to mitigate the effect on future development and associated inground infrastructure through ground strengthening, foundation design and geotechnical or engineering solutions, especially in the case where infrastructure including roads, water supply, and wastewater system are required to be extended to service the subdivision. The location and layout of the subdivision, identified building platform or platforms and service locations in relation to the liquefaction hazard.
SUB- MCD13	 Historic heritage, culture and notable trees Any effect on historic heritage, its heritage values and on any associated heritage setting. The extent that HNZPT has been consulted and the outcome of that consultation. The extent that the site has cultural or spiritual significance to mana whenua and the outcome of any consultation undertaken with Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnanga. Opportunities to incorporate representation of the association of Te Ngāi Tūāhuriri Rūnanga into the design of residential and commercial subdivision. Opportunities to enhance the physical condition of historic heritage and its heritage values. Any mitigation measures proposed to be implemented to protect historic heritage and its heritage values. The extent to which the subdivision layout and design provides for the protection of any notable tree. Any effect on a notable tree as a result of the subdivision or identified building platform or platforms, and whether alternative methods or subdivision design are available to retain or protect the tree.

CONSERVATION VALUES	Has the same meaning as in section 229(2) of the RMA. ⁸²
Public Drain	Public drain means the Council Land Drainage System. It does not include any private drains or roadside drains not administered by the District Council. ⁸³

<u>GA-</u>	Any onsite wastewater treatment system is subject to the Canterbury Land and		
	Water Regional Plan. A building consent is also required from the District Council		
	for any onsite wastewater treatment system.49		

 ⁸¹ Mainpower [249.100]
 ⁸² Forest and Bird [192.79]
 ⁸³ Waka Kotahi [275.35].

MRZ - Medium Density Residential Zone

Introduction

The purpose of the Medium Density Residential Zone is to provide for residential areas predominantly used for residential activity with moderate concentration and bulk of buildings, such as detached, semi-detached and terrace housing, low rise apartments and other compatible activities. Such areas are identified close to town and neighbourhood centres, along public transport corridors, or close to public transports stops and open space¹.

The Medium Density Residential Zone is located in the township areas of Rangiora, Kaiapoi, OxfordWoodend, Pegasus and North Woodend (Ravenswood) Silverstream.² It is anticipated that the character of these areas will be dynamic and provide for more intensive development as demand increases for smaller units with close access to township amenities.

The provisions in this chapter have been justified where required by a s77J qualifying matter assessment contained in the relevant section 32 evaluation report under the RMA.³

The provisions in this chapter are consistent with the matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters -Strategic Directions and give effect to matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters - Urban Form and Development.

As well as the provisions in this chapter, district wide chapter provisions will also apply where relevant.

Objectives		
MRZ-01	Provision of medium density housing A higher density suburban residential zone located close to amenities with a range of housing typologies providing for predominantly residential use.	
<u>MRZ-01</u>	Housing types and sizes The Medium Density Residential Zone provides for a variety of housing types and sizes that respond to: i. housing needs and demand; and ii. the neighbourhood's planned urban built character, including 3-storey buildings. ⁴	
Policies		
MRZ-P1	Housing typesEnable a variety of housing types with a mix of densities within the zone, including 3-storey attached and detached dwellings, and low-rise apartments. 5	
<u>MRZ-P2</u>	Housing Developments Provide for developments not meeting permitted activity status, while encouraging high- quality developments. ⁶	

¹ Kainga Ora [325.240].

² V1 as notified

³ V1 as notified

⁴ V1 as notified ⁵ V1 as notified

⁶ V1 as notified

Residential character
 ²Fovide for activities and structures that support and maintain Enable development to <u>ichieve⁸</u> the character and amenity values <u>and planned built form⁹</u> anticipated for the sone, which provides for: higher medium¹⁰ density living in areas with better access for walking to parks, <u>educational facilities¹¹, public transport¹²</u>, main centres, or local commercial centre; multi-unit redevelopment opportunities through flexible development controls and encouragement for multi-site redevelopment; high quality building and landscape design for multi-unit residential development with appropriate streetscape landscaping and positive contribution to streetscape character; provides for a peaceful residential environment, in particular minimising the adverse effects of night time noise and outdoor lighting, and limited signs; appropriate internal amenity within sites; a mix of detached, semi-detached and multi-unit living; small-scale commercial, or community-based activities, that service the local community, and home business-based commercial activity in the Residential Commercial Precinct adjacent to Rangiora Town Centre; and
IRZ-P4 Medium Density Residential Standards Apply the Medium Density Residential Standards across all relevant residential zones in the District Plan Medium Density Residential Zone except in circumstances where a jualifying matter is relevant (including matters of significance such as historic heritage and the relationship of Māori and their culture and traditions with their ancestral lands, vater, sites, wāhi tapu, and other taonga). ¹⁴

Advisory Note

How to read this section in relation to qualifying matters

Qualifying matters that apply to the number of units per site are integrated within the rule framework below. The following qualifying matters are implemented through their respective chapter provisions and are additional to the Medium Density Residential Zone provisions

Historic heritage qualifying matter – properties identified as a Heritage listed item within the Medium Density Residential Zone of Rangiora, Kaiapoi, and Woodend. As mapped in qualifying matter heritage building or item

Notable trees qualifying matter- Properties with a notable tree within Medium Density Residential Zone of Rangiora, Kaiapoi and Woodend. As mapped in qualifying matter, notable trees

⁷ V1 as notified

⁸ Kainga Ora [V1 80.59]

⁹ Kainga Ora [V1 80.42]

¹⁰ Kainga Ora [V1 80.42]

¹¹ Ministry of Education [277.44].

¹² Kainga Ora [325.206]

¹³ Summerset [207.30]

¹⁴ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 99

Natural character – waterbody setbacks, properties adjoining a large waterbody within Medium Density Residential Zone of Rangiora, Kaiapoi, and Woodend as mapped in scheduled natural character waterbodies, SCHED1-4¹⁵

Activity Rules

MRZ-R1 Construction or alteration of or addition to any building or other structure				
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity complies with all built form standards (as applicable). Legal Effect This rule shall have immediate legal effect in relation to residential activities. ¹⁶	Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant built form standards			
MRZ-R2 Residential unit				
Activity status: PER <u>Where:</u> 4. <u>the activity complies with MRZ-BFS1 to</u> <u>MRZ-BFS12¹⁷; and</u> 2. <u>the activity complies with MRZ-BFS-</u> <u>2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12; and</u> 3. <u>the activity complies with any additional</u> <u>and applicable district-wide standards as</u> <u>per MRZ-R1.</u> Logal Effect This rule shall have immediate legal effect The highlighted yellow text identifies the standards that have immediate legal effect if no qualifying matter applies. ¹⁸¹⁹	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A <u>as set out in the relevant built form</u> <u>standards²⁰</u>			
MRZ-R3 Minor residential unit				
 Activity status: PER Where: the maximum GFA of the minor residential unit shall be 80m²; there shall be only one minor residential unit per site; and parking and access shall be from the same vehicle crossing as the principal residential unit unit on the site.²⁴ 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD1 – Minor residential units ²²			

¹⁵ Waimakariri District Council [V1 47.1]

¹⁶ V1 as notified

¹⁷ Kainga Ora [V1 80.44 and 80.46]

¹⁸ V1 as notified

¹⁹ Removal of s80H identifying markup

²⁰ V1 as notified

²¹ V1 as notified ²² V1 as notified

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MRZ-R43 Residential activity Storage of vehicles and boats on residential sites ²³				
 Activity status: PER Where: a maximum of one heavy vehicle shall be parked or stored on the site of the residential activity; and any motor vehicles and/or boats dismantled, repaired or stored on the site of the residential activity shall be owned by the people who live on the same site. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS			
MRZ-R54 Gardening, cultivation and disturbance	e of land for fenceposts			
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity is associated with an otherwise permitted or consented activity.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS ²⁴			
MRZ-R65 Accessory building or structure				
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A			
MRZ-R76 Boarding house				
Activity status: PER Where: 1. a maximum of eight people shall be accommodated per site, including any on site managers.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS			
MRZ-R87 Residential disability care and care fa	cility			
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A			
MRZ-R98 Visitor accommodation				
This rule does not apply to any camping ground pro	ovided for under MRZ-R28.			
Activity status: PER Where: 1. a maximum of eight visitors shall be accommodated per site.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS			
MRZ-R109 Home business				
 Activity status: PER Where: the operator permanently resides on the site; the maximum area occupied by the home business shall be 40m² (within or external to buildings on the site), except in the Residential Commercial Precinct where the maximum area shall be 100m²; 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS			

²³ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2)
 ²⁴ Kainga Ora [325.216 and 325.247]

 MRZ-R121 Educational facility (excluding childed Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity shall only be located on sites with frontage and the primary entrance to a strategic road, arterial road or collector road; 2. the maximum GFA of building occupied by the educational facility shall be 200m²; 3. the hours of operation when the site is open to visitors, students, clients, and deliveries shall be between the hours of 7:00am - 9:00pm Monday to Friday; and²⁸ 4. the facility shall not result in more than two non-residential activities within a 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS
 MRZ-R140 Residential unit used as a show hon Activity status: PER Where: hours of operation, when the site is open to visitors and clients, shall be limited to 9:00am-47:00pm Monday to Friday and 9:00am-4:00pm Saturday, Sunday and²⁵ including public holidays; 2. the duration of use as a show home shall not exceed twothree²⁶ years after the Code of Compliance Certificate for the subject building has been issued; and 1. the residential unit used as a show home shall not be located on local roads. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD3 - Use of a residential unit as a show home
 hours of operation that the home business is open to visitors and clients shall be limited to 7:00am to 7:00pm; there is a maximum of 20 vehicle movements generated by the home business activity per day; a maximum of two non-resident staff shall be employed as part of the home business; any storage of materials associated with the home business shall be undertaken within buildings as part of the site identified in (2); the activity does not include any food and beverage outlet, funeral related services and facility, heavy industry, vehicle sales, or vehicle repair, storage or dismantling; and where the home business involves paid childcare, a maximum of four non-resident children shall be cared for. 	

²⁵ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.46].
²⁶ Ravenswood Developments Ltd [347.47].
²⁷ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.47], Ministry of Education [277.45].
²⁸ Ministry of Education [277.45].

 residential block frontage, except in the Residential Commercial Precinct, where there shall be no limit to the number of non-residential activities within a block; and. 5. the facility shall not include the parking or storage of more than one heavy vehicle on the site of the activity. ²⁹ 					
MRZ-R132 Childcare facility					
 Activity status: PER Where: the activity shall only be located on sites with frontage and the primary entrance to a strategic road, arterial road or collector road; the maximum GFA of building occupied by the childcare facility shall be 200m²; the hours of operation when the site is open to visitors, students, children, and deliveries shall be between the hours of 7:00am — 9:00pm Monday to Friday; the facility shall not result in more than two non-residential activities within a residential block frontage, except in the Residential block frontage, except in the Residential activities within a block; and the facility shall not include the parking or storage of more than one heavy vehicle on the site of the activity. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS				
MRZ-R14 <u>3</u> Community garden	1				
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A				
MRZ-R154 Health care facility					
 Activity status: PER Where: the activity shall only be located on sites with frontage and the primary entrance to a strategic road, arterial road or collector road. the maximum GFA of building occupied by the educational facility shall be 200m². the hours of operation when the site is open to visitors, patients, clients, and deliveries shall be between the hours of 7:00am — 6:00pm Monday to Saturday. the facility shall not result in more than two non-residential activities within a residential block frontage, except in the Residential Commercial Precinct, where there shall be 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS				

²⁹ Ministry of Education [277.45].
no limit to the number of non-residential activities within a block.5. the facility shall not include the parking or storage of more than one heavy vehicle on the site of the activity.	
MRZ-R165 Domestic animal keeping and breedi	ng
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
Advisory Note • Refer to the District Council's bylaws for furt	her rules regarding keeping of domestic animals.
MRZ-R176 Recreation activities	
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity is not a motorised recreation activity.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC
MRZ-R187 Multi-unit residential development (fr	o ur or more residential units)³⁰
Activity status: RDIS Where: 1. 1. any residential unit fronting a road or public open space shall have a habitable room located at the ground level; 2. 2. at least 50% of all residential units within a development shall have a habitable space located at ground level; and 3. 3.1. ³¹ a design statement shall be provided with the application. Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles RES-MD7 - Outdoor storage Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS ³²
MRZ-R198 Retirement village (four or more resi	dential units) ³³
Activity status: RDIS Where: 1. a design statement shall be provided with the application. ³⁴ Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS <u>N/A</u> ³⁵

³⁰ Retirement Industry Association [V1 67.20].
 ³¹ V1 as notified

³² Kainga Ora [V80.44 and 80.61]
 ³³ Retirement Villages Association [V1 67.20]
 ³⁴ Retirement Villages Association [V67.20 and 67.21]
 ³⁵ Retirement Villages Association [V67.20 and 67.21]

RES-MD7 - Outdoor storage Notification An application for a restricted discretionary act under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
MRZ-R2019 Community facility	
This rule does not apply to any health care fac provided for under MRZ-R25.	ility provided for under MRZ-R15 or recreation facilities
Activity status: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles RES-MD4 - Traffic generation RES-MD7 - Outdoor storage Notification An application for a restricted discretionary act under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
MRZ-R20A Emergency service facility	
Activity status: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles RES-MD4 - Traffic generation RES-MD7 - Outdoor storage	Activity status when compliance not achieved: <u>N/A³⁶</u>
MRZ-R240 Cattery	
Activity status: DIS Ac	tivity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
MRZ-R221 Veterinary facility	
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
MRZ-R232 Convenience activity	
Activity status: DIS Where: 1. the retail or service activity shall be a maximum of 75m ² GFA.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC
MRZ-R24 <u>3</u> Entertainment activity	
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
MRZ-R254_Recreation facilities	
This rule does not apply to any motorised recreation activity provided for under MRZ-R37 or motorised vehicle events under MRZ-R38.	

³⁶ Fire and Emergency NZ [303.53, and 303.55]

Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R265 Food and beverage outlet		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R276 Changes or additions to an existing	supermarket	
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R287 Any other activity not provided for in this zone as a permitted, controlled, restricted discretionary, discretionary, non-complying, or prohibited activity, except where expressly specified by a district wide provision		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R298 Funeral related services and facility		
Activity status: NC DISC ³⁷	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R3029 Vehicle or boat repair or storage se	rvices	
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R340 Industrial activity		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R321 Service station		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R332 Supermarket		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R34 <u>3</u> Large format retail		
This rule does not apply to any supermarket provided for under MRZ-R33.		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R354 Primary production		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
MRZ-R3 <u>65</u> Boarding kennels		

³⁷ Lamb and Hayward [163.5]

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Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
MRZ-R376 Motorised recreation activity	
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
MRZ-R38 <u>7</u> Motorised vehicle events	
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
MRZ-R398 Yard-based activity	
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A
MRZ-R49 <u>39</u> Trade supplier	
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A

Built Form Standards

MRZ-BFS1 Site density	
of one residential unit per 200m ² of net site area, which can be calculated over Matt	vity status when compliance not achieved: ers of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles
	fication
	pplication for a restricted discretionary activity r this rule is precluded from being publicly or
	a notified.
retirement village. ³⁸	
MRZ-BFS1 Number of residential units per site	
units per site, except where:RDISa. Within the qualifying matters - natural hazards area and qualifying matters - airport noise39, there must be no more than 1 residential unit per site.MattersNotification An application for the construction and use of NotificationNotification Notification	ers of discretion are restricted to: <u>RES-MD2 - Residential design principles</u> <u>RESZ-MD7 - Outdoor Storage⁴² RES-MD15 - Effects from qualifying <u>matters - airport noise⁴³</u> <u>RES-MD16 - Effects from qualifying</u> <u>matters - natural hazards</u> <u>fication</u></u>
	pplication for the construction and use of
	more residential units that <i>does comply</i> standards MRZ-BFS-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 is

 ³⁸ V1 as notified
 ³⁹ Kainga Ora [V1 80.21]
 ⁴² Kainga Ora [80.44 and 80.61]
 ⁴³ Kainga Ora [V1 80.21]

The highlighted yellow text identifies the part	precluded from being publicly or limited
of the standard that has immediate legal effect	notified.
if no qualifying matter applies. ⁻⁴⁰⁴¹	An application for the construction and use of <u>4 or more residential units that does not</u> <u>comply with 1 or more of MRZ-BFS-</u> <u>1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 is precluded from being</u> <u>publicly notified.</u>
MRZ-BFS2 Building coverage	
 1. Building coverage shall be a maximum of 505% of the net site area, except that this rule shall not apply to: a. any infrastructure building; b. any caravan; or c. deck under 1m in height above ground level. Legal Effect The highlighted yellow text identifies the part of the standard that has immediate legal effect if no qualifying matter applies.⁴⁴⁴⁵ 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: <u>RDIS</u> <u>Matters of discretion are restricted to:</u> <u>RES-MD17 - Building coverage</u> <u>Notification</u> <u>Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1.⁴⁶</u>
MRZ-BFS3 Landscaped permeable surface	
 1. The minimum landscaped permeable surface of any site shall be 20% of the net site area. 2. For the purpose of calculating the area of landscaped permeable surface the following areas can be included: a. any paths 1.1m wide or less; or b. open slat decks under 1m in height above ground level with a permeable surface underneath. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS ⁴⁷
MRZ-BFS3 Height	
 The maximum height of any building shall be 12m above ground level. Buildings must not exceed 11 metres in height, except that 50% of a building's roof in elevation, measured vertically from the junction between wall and roof, may exceed this height by 1 metre, where the entire roof slopes 15° or more, as shown in Figure MRZ-1. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: <u>R</u> DIS <u>Matters of discretion are restricted to:</u> <u>RES-MD5 - Impact on neighbouring property⁵⁰.</u> <u>Notification</u> <u>Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1.⁵¹</u>
Legal Effect	

⁴⁰ V1 as notified

- ⁴¹ Removal of s80H identifying markup
 ⁴⁴ V1 as notified
 ⁴⁵ Removal of s80H identifying markup

⁴⁶ V1 as notified

⁴⁷ Kainga Ora [V1 80.49]
 ⁵⁰ Kainga Ora [V1 80.5]
 ⁵¹ V1 as notified



Figure MRZ-1 Building Height⁵²



MRZ-BFS <u>4</u> Building and structure Setbacks	
 Any building or structure other than a garage shall be set back a minimum of 2<u>1.5</u>m from any road boundary (other than a strategic road or arterial road boundary 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles ⁵⁵
where the minimum setback shall be 6m) except for: a. any fence permitted by MRZ-BFS8; b. poles and masts up to 6.5m in height above ground level; c. structures other than a fence, less than	RES-MD5 - Impact on neighbouring property <u>RES-MD6 – Road boundary setback</u> <u>RES-MD18 Effects from qualifying</u> <u>matters – road and rail</u> <u>setbacks</u> ⁵⁶
10m ² and less than 3m in height above ground level; d. any caravan; e. the replacement, maintenance and minor upgrading of any infrastructure; and	Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified. Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1. ⁵⁷

⁴⁸ V1 as notified

⁴⁹ Removal of s80H identifying markup

⁵² V1 as notified

⁵⁵ Kainga Ora [V1 80.15]

⁵⁶ Kainga Ora [V1 80.15] and KiwiRail [V1 51.1,51.2,51.3,51.4,51.5]

⁵⁷ V1 as notified

f. any structure or residential unit	
adjoining an accessway that does not	
have doors or windows that open into	
that accessway.	
2. Any garage shall be set back a	
minimum of 6m from the road boundary.	
3. 2. Any building or structure shall be set	
back a minimum of 1m from any internal	
boundary (except on corner sites) except	
that buildings on adjoining sites which share	
a common wall, the internal setback shall not	
apply along that part of the internal boundary	
covered by such a wall.	
4. Habitable room windows within any	
residential unit on the first floor or above	
shall avoid direct views into an adjacent	
residential unit located within 9m by:	
a. a. being offset by a minimum of 0.5m	
in relation to any existing window in	
an adjacent residential unit; or	
b. b. having sill heights of 1.5m above	
floor level; or	
c. c. having fixed obscure glazing below 1.5m above floor level.	
5.3. On corner sites, vegetation or structures	
exceeding 1m in height above ground level	
shall not be located within the structure and	
vegetation setback area identified by Figure	
MRZ-21.	
6.4. All buildings shall be set back a minimum	
of 5 m from any site boundary with the rail	
corridor.	
5. Any building or structure shall be set	
back a minimum of 12m from any National	
Grid support structure as per rule must	
comply with EI-R51.	
1) Buildings must be set back from the	
relevant boundary by the	
minimum depth listed in the yards table below	
except as listed in (2).	
· · · · · · ·	
Yard Minimum depth	
Front 1.5 metres	
Side 1 metre	
Rear 1 metre (excluded on	
<u>corner sites</u>	
(2) Qualifying Matters	
(2) <u>Qualifying Matters:</u> (a) <u>All buildings shall be set back a</u>	
minimum of 4m from any site	
minimum or 4m nom any site	

boundary with the rail corridor.
(b) <u>All buildings must be setback 6m from</u> any strategic road or arterial road.
(3) <u>This standard does not apply to site</u> <u>boundaries where there is an existing common</u> <u>wall between 2 buildings on adjacent sites or</u> <u>where a common wall is proposed.</u>
Legal Effect The highlighted yellow text identifies the part of the standard that has immediate legal effect if no qualifying matter applies. ⁵³⁵⁴

Figure MRZ-12: Structure and Vegetation Setback

⁵³ V1 as notified

⁵⁴ Removal of s80H identifying markup



MRZ-BFS6 Street interface	
 Where the site has direct road frontage, any residential unit or minor residential unit facing the road shall: a. have at least one habitable room or kitchen located facing the street at ground level; and b. include at least 20% of the front façade in glazing (within window or door panels) of which at least half is clear; and⁵⁸ 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified. Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1. ⁵⁹⁶⁹

⁵⁸ V1 as notified
 ⁵⁹ V1 as notified

⁶⁰ Kainga Ora [V1 80.18]

 c. shall have a door that is directly visible and accessible from the street. 2. Garage doors that face the street shall have a combined maximum width of 6.5m. 	
MRZ-BFS <u>5</u> Height in relation to boundary	-
 Buildings must not project beyond a 60° recession plane measured from a point 4 metres vertically above ground level along all boundaries, as shown Figure MRZ-3. Where the boundary forms part of a legal right of way, entrance strip, access site, or pedestrian access way, the height in relation to boundary applies from the farthest boundary of that legal right of way, entrance strip, access site, or pedestrian access way. This standard does not apply to: a boundary with a road existing or proposed internal boundaries within a site site boundaries where there is an existing common wall between 2 buildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is proposed. Where the site is within the Urban Flood Assessment Overlay or Kaiapoi Fixed Minimum Finished Floor Level Overlay⁶¹, the height of the Finished Floor Level Specified in a Flood Assessment Certificate can be used as the origin of the recession plane instead of ground level, but only up to an additional 1m above original ground level. Legal Effect The highlighted yellow text identifies the part of the standard that has immediate legal effect if no qualifying matter applies.⁶²⁶³ 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD2 - Residential design principles ⁶⁴ RES-MD5 - Impact on neighbouring property Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified. Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1. ⁶⁵

Figure MRZ-3: Height in relation to boundary⁶⁶

⁶¹ Environment Canterbury [316.76] ⁶² V1 as notified

⁶³ Removal of s80H identifying markup
⁶⁴ Kainga Ora [V1 80.2]
⁶⁵ V1 as notified

⁶⁶ V1 as notified



MRZ-BFS <mark>6</mark> Fencing	
 4. All fencing or walls fronting the road	Activity status when compliance not achieved:
boundary; a. no higher than 1.2m above ground	RDIS
level; or	Matters of discretion are restricted to:

 b. where the site is a corner site, on one road boundary the height can be increased to 1.8m above ground level where at least 45% of the fence is visually permeable. 2. Any fence greater than 0.9m in height above ground level shall be at least 45% visually permeable as depicted in Figure MRZ-4, within 5m of any accessway, or within the structure and vegetation set back area shown in Figure MRZ-2. 	RES-MD2 - Residential design principles ⁶⁷ RES-MD6 - Road boundary setback Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.
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Figure MRZ-42: Examples of Visually Permeable Fencing



⁶⁷ Kainga Ora [V1 80.22]

residential unit (except a	Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1. ⁷⁰
residential unit within a	
retirement village) or	
b. b. a balcony of at least 10m ²	
with a minimum depth of	
uttra minimum depth of	
2. 2. The required minimum area of	
outdoor living space shall not be	
occupied by any structure, driveway,	
or parking space, other than an	
outdoor swimming pool or washing	
line.	
3. 3. Where outdoor living space is	
provided communally between two or	
more residential units under (1)(a),	
the minimum outdoor living space	
shall be 25m ² for each residential	
unit.	
1. A residential unit at ground floor	
level must have an outdoor living	
space that is at least 20 square	
metres and that comprises ground	
floor, balcony, patio, or roof terrace	
space that, -	
a. where located at ground level,	
has no dimension less than 3	
metres; and	
b. where provided in the form of a	
balcony, patio, or roof terrace, is	
at least 8 square metres and has	
a minimum dimension of 1.8	
metres; and	
c. is accessible from the	
residential unit; and	
d. <u>may be-</u>	
i. grouped cumulatively by	
area in 1 communally	
accessible location; or	
ii. located directly adjacent to	
the unit; and	
e. is free of buildings, parking	
<u>spaces, and servicing and</u> manoeuvring areas.	
2. A residential unit located above	
ground floor level must have an	
outdoor living space in the form of a	
balcony, patio, or roof terrace that-	
a. is at least 8 square metres and	
has a minimum dimension of 1.8	
metres; and	
mon co, and	

⁷⁰ V1 as notified

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Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: RES-MD12- Outlook space Notification Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1. ⁷³

⁶⁸ V1 as notified
 ⁶⁹ Removal of s80H identifying markup

⁷³ V1 as notified

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b. not extend over an outlook space or		
outdoor living space required by		
another dwelling.		
Legal Effect		
This standard has immediate legal effect if		
there is no qualifying matter affecting an		
individual property.7472		

Figure MRZ-5: Outlook 74 Space 75

⁷¹ V1 as notified

⁷² Removal of s80H identifying markup
⁷⁴ Kainga Ora [V1 80.26]
⁷⁵ V1 as notified



MRZ-BFS <mark>9</mark> Windows to street	
1. <u>Any residential unit facing the street must</u>	Activity status when compliance not achieved:
<u>have a minimum of 20% of the street-</u>	RDIS
<u>facing facade in glazing. This can be in</u>	Matters of discretion are restricted to:
<u>the form of windows or doors.</u>	RES-MD13 - Windows to street

Legal Effect This standard has immediate legal effect if there is no qualifying matter affecting an individual property. ⁷⁶	Notification Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1. ⁷⁷
MRZ-BFS10 Landscaped area	
 A residential unit at ground floor level must have a landscaped area of a minimum of 20% of a developed site with grass or plants, and can include the canopy of trees regardless of the ground treatment below them. The landscaped area may be located on any part of the development site, and does not need to be associated with each residential unit. Legal Effect This standard has immediate legal effect if there is no qualifying matter affecting an individual property.⁷⁸⁷⁹ 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: <u>RDIS</u> <u>Matters of discretion are restricted to:</u> <u>RES-MD14 - Landscaped area</u> <u>Notification</u> <u>Refer to notification status in MRZ-BFS1.⁸⁰</u>

EI-R51	Activities and development (oth	er than earthworks) within a National Grid Yard
All Zones	Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity is not a sensitive activity; 2. buildings or structures comply with NZECP34: 2001 and are: a. for a network utility; or b. a fence not exceeding 2.5m in height above ground level; or c. a non-habitable building or structure used for agricultural and horticultural activities (including irrigation) that is not: i. a milking shed/dairy shed (excluding the stockyards and	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC Notification An application under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified only to Transpower NZ Ltd where the consent authority considers this is required, absent its written approval.

⁷⁶ V1 as notified

⁷⁷ V1 as notified

⁷⁸ V1 as notified
 ⁷⁹ Removal of s80H identifying markup

ancillary	
platforms);	
ii. <u>a wintering barn;</u>	
iii. <u>a building for</u>	
intensive indoor	
primary	
production; ^{81 82}	
iv. a commercial	
greenhouse; or	
v. produce packing	
facilities;	
d. building alterations	
or additions to an	
existing building or	
structure that do not	
increase the height	
above ground level	
or footprint of the	
existing building or	
structure;	
<u>3. a building or structure</u>	
provided for by (2)(a) to (d)	
<u>must:</u>	
a. not be used for the	
<u>handling or storage</u>	
of hazardous	
substances with	
explosive or	
flammable intrinsic	
properties in greater	
than domestic scale	
quantities;	
<u>b. not permanently</u>	
obstruct existing	
vehicle access to a	
National Grid	
support structure;	
<u>c. be located at least</u>	
<u>12m from the outer</u>	
visible edge of a	
foundation of a	
National Grid	
support structure,	
except where it is a	
fence not exceeding	
2.5m height above	
ground level that is	
located at least 6m	
from the outer	
visible edge of a	

⁸¹ Transpower [195.43]. ⁸² Horticulture NZ [295.80].



⁸³ Transpower [195.43].

above ground level; iii is removable or temporary, to allow clear working space 12m from the pole when necessary for maintenance and emergency repair purpose; iv. allows all weather access to the pole and a sufficient area for maintenance equipment, including a crane; d. any new non habitable building less than 2.5m in height above ground level and 10m ² in floor area; e. non-habitable buildings or structures used for agricultural activities, provided they are not a milking shed/dairy shed (excluding the stockyards and ancillary platforms), a wintering barn, a building for intensive farming-activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
iii is removable or temporaryto allow-clear working-space 12m.from the pole when necessary for maintenance and emorgency-repair purposes; iv. allows all weather access to the pole and a sufficient area for maintenance equipment, including-acrane; d. any new non-habitable building-or structures used for agricultural and horticultural active, yrovided they are not a milking shed/dairy shed (excluding the stockyards and anoillary-platforms), a wintering barm, a building-darma, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
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ground level and 10m ² in floor area; e. non-habitable buildings or structures used for agricultural and horticultural activities, provided they are not a milking shed/dairy shed (excluding the stockyards and ancillary platforms), a wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
in floor area; e. non habitable buildings or structures used for agricultural and horticultural activities, provided they are not a milking shed/dairy shed (excluding the stockyards and ancillary platforms), a wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
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shed/dairy shed (excluding the stockyards and ancillary platforms), a wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
(excluding the stockyards and ancillary platforms), a wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
stockyards and ancillary platforms), a wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
ancillary platforms), a wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse;
commercial greenhouse;
f. mobile irrigation
equipment used for
agricultural and
horticultural activities;
g. other than reticulation
and storage of water
in dams or reservoirs
in (a) above,
reticulation and
storage of water for
irrigation purposes
provided that it does
not permanently
physically obstruct

	vehicular access to a National Grid support structure;h. building alteration and additions to an existing building or other structure that does not involve an increase in the height above ground level or footprint of the building or structure; anda. a building or structure where Transpower NZ Ltd has given written approval in accordance with clause 2.4.1 of the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe	
	Distances. 84	Activity status when compliance not achieved:
All Zones	Activity status: NC Where: 1. activities and development within a National Grid Yard involve the following: a. any activity and development that permanently physically impedes vehicular access to a National Grid support structure; b. any new building for a sensitive activity; c. any change of use to a sensitive activity or the establishment of a new sensitive activity; d. dairy/milking sheds or buildings for intensive farming or wintering barns; and e. any hazardous facility	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A ⁸⁵

⁸⁴ Transpower [195.43]. ⁸⁵ Transpower [195.43].

explosive or flammable intrinsic properties within 12m of the centreline of a National Grid transmission line. Notification An application under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited potified only to Transpower NZ	
notified only to Transpower NZ Ltd where the consent authority considers this is required, absent its written approval.	
Advisory Note National Grid transmission 	ines are shown on the planning map.

EI-R56	Activities and development (other than earthworks or network utilities) adjacent to a 66kV or 33kV major ⁸⁶ electricity distribution line	
All Zones	Activity status: NC Where: 1. <u>new, or expansion or</u> <u>extension of existing</u> . ⁸⁷ activities and development adjacent to a 66kV or 33kVmajor ⁸⁸ electricity distribution line involve the following: <u>a. new a</u> sensitive activity and or a new buildings <u>or</u> <u>structure</u> ⁸⁹ (excluding accessory) <u>buildings</u>) ⁹⁰ within <u>6m</u> ⁹¹ of the centreline of a 66kV or <u>33kVmajor</u> ⁹² electricity distribution line or within 10m <u>6m</u> ⁹³ of the visible outer edge of a ⁹⁴ foundation of an	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A

⁸⁶ Mainpower [249.94].
⁸⁷ Mainpower [249.95].
⁸⁸ Mainpower [249.94].
⁸⁹ Mainpower [249.94].
⁹⁰ Mainpower [249.94].
⁹¹ Mainpower [249.94].
⁹² Mainpower [249.94].
⁹³ Mainpower [249.94].
⁹⁴ Mainpower [249.94].

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	associated <u>a</u> pole, pi- pole ⁹⁵ or tower; and <u>or</u> a. <u>b.</u> does not comply with the requirements of NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances. ⁹⁶ b. new fences more than 2.5m high and within 5m of the visible outer edge of a foundation for a 66kV or 33kV electricity distribution line, pole or tower. ⁹⁷	
A p n n e o a r	Notification An application under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified only to the relevant electricity distribution line operator where the consent authority considers this is equired, absent its written approval.	
Δ	 Advisory Notes <u>66kV/33kV Major</u>⁹⁸ electricity distribution lines are shown on the planning map. Vegetation to be planted around electricity distribution lines should be selected and managed to ensure that it will not breach the Electricity (Hazards from Trees) Regulations 2003. The NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances contains restrictions on the location of activities and development in relation to electricity distribution lines. Activities and development in the vicinity of these lines must comply with NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances. 	

 ⁹⁵ Mainpower [249.94].
 ⁹⁶ Mainpower [249.94].
 ⁹⁷ Mainpower [249.94].
 ⁹⁸ Mainpower [249.94].

Matters of Discretion for all Residential Zones

RES-MD1	 Minor residential units 1. The extent to which the minor residential unit fits within its context taking into account: a. location, size and visual appearance of the minor residential unit so that it appears from the street or any other public place as an integrated ancillary part of the principal residential unit; b. the adverse visual effects on the street-scene associated with parking areas and visual and pedestrian safety effects arising from the provision of any additional driveway to accommodate the minor residential unit; c. the convenience of the location of outdoor living space in relation the respective residential units, or whether other shared outdoor living spaces or public open space is immediately or easily accessible; and d. the adequacy of size and dimension of the outdoor living space to provide for the amenity needs of future occupants.
RES-MD2	 Residential design principles Context and character: The extent to which the design of the development is in keeping with, or complements, the scale and character of development anticipated for the surrounding area and relevant significant natural, heritage and cultural features. The relevant considerations are the extent to which the development: i. includes, where relevant, reference to the patterns of development in and/or anticipated for the surrounding area such as building dimensions, forms, setback and alignments, and secondarily materials, design features and tree plantings; and ii. retains or adapts features of the site that contribute significantly to local neighbourhood character, potentially including existing historic heritage items, Sites of Ngãi Tahu Cultural Significance shown on the planning map, site contours and mature trees. Relationship to the street and public open spaces: a. Whether the development engages with and contributes to adjacent streets, and any other adjacent public open spaces to contribute to them being lively, safe and attractive (including impacts of setback requirements for road or rail).¹² b. The relevant considerations are the extent to which the development: i. orientates building frontages including entrances and windows to habitable rooms toward the street and adjacent public open spaces; ii. designs buildings on corner sites to emphasise the corner; iii. needs to minimise south-facing glazing to minimise heat loss; and iv. avoids street façades that are blank or dominated by garages. Built form and appearance: a. The extent to which the development is designed to minimise the visual bulk of the buildings and provide visual interest. b. The relevant considerations are the extent to which the development: i. divides or otherwise separates unusually long or bulky building forms and limits the length of

¹ V1 as notified

² KiwiRail [373 and V1 51]

	 iii. avoids blank elevations and façades dominated by garage doors; and iv. achieves visual interest and a sense of human scale through the use of architectural detailing, glazing and variation of materials. 4. Residential amenity:
	a. In relation to the built form and residential amenity of the development on the site (i.e. the overall site prior to the development), the extent to which the development provides a high level of internal and external residential amenity for occupants and neighbours.
	 b. The relevant considerations are the extent to which the development: i. provides for outlook, sunlight and privacy through the site layout, and orientation and internal layout of residential units; ii. directly connects private outdoor spaces to the living spaces within the
	residential units; iii. ensures any communal private open spaces are accessible, usable and
	attractive for the residents of the residential units; and iv. includes tree and garden planting particularly relating to the street frontage, boundaries, accessways, and parking areas. 5. Access, parking and servicing:
	a. The extent to which the development provides for good access and integration of space for parking and servicing.
	 b. The relevant considerations are the extent to which the development: i. integrates access in a way that is safe for all users, and offers convenient access for pedestrians to the street, any nearby parks or other public recreation spaces;
	ii. provides for parking areas and garages in a way that does not dominate the development, particularly when viewed from the street or other public open spaces; and
	 iii. provides for suitable storage and service spaces which are conveniently accessible, safe and/or secure, and located and/or designed to minimise adverse effects on occupants, neighbours and public spaces.
	 Safety: a. The extent to which the development incorporates CPTED principles as required to achieve a safe, secure environment.
	 b. The relevant considerations are the extent to which the development: i. provides for views over, and passive surveillance of, adjacent public and publicly accessible spaces;
	 ii. clearly demarcates boundaries of public and private space; iii. makes pedestrian entrances and routes readily recognisable; and iv. provides for good visibility with clear sightlines and effective lighting.
RES-MD3	 Use of residential unit as a show home 1. The extent to which use of the residential unit will impact on neighbouring properties in terms of the following matters:
	 a. hours of operation and movement to and from the site by members of the public; b. duration of the activity and its impact on residential amenity values; c. traffic generation including consideration of on-site and off-site parking; and
	 d. impacts on adjacent residents in terms of privacy, in particular adjacent outdoor living spaces.
RES-MD4	 Traffic generation 1. The extent to which the traffic generated is appropriate to the residential character, amenity, safety and efficient functioning of the access and road network taking into account:
	a. in the case of effects on residential character and amenity values:

	 i. any adverse effects in terms of noise and vibration from vehicles entering and leaving the site or adjoining road, and their incompatibility with the noise levels acceptable in the respective living environments; ii. any reduction in the availability of on-street parking for residents, occupants or visitors to adjoining residential sites to the point that it becomes a nuisance; and iii. the ability to mitigate any adverse effects of the additional traffic generation such as through the location and design of vehicle crossings, parking areas and loading areas or through the provision of screening and other factors that will reduce the effect of the additional traffic generation, such as infrequency of the activity, or limited total time over which the traffic generation from other activities in the vicinity; ii. any cumulative effect of traffic generation on activities in the surrounding living environment; iii. consistency of levels of traffic congestion or reduction in levels of traffic safety with the classification of the adjoining road; iv. the variance in the rate of vehicle movements throughout the week and coincidence of peak times with peak traffic movements on the wider network; and v. the location of the proposed access points in terms of road and intersection efficiency and safety, and the adequacy of existing or alternative access points.
RES-MD5	 Impact on neighbouring property 1. The extent to which the increased height, reduced setback, or recession plane intrusion would result in buildings that do not compromise the amenity values of adjacent properties taking into account: a. overshadowing of adjoining sites resulting in reduced sunlight and daylight admission to internal living spaces and external living spaces, or open space beyond that anticipated by the recession plane; b. any loss of privacy through being overlooked from neighbouring buildings; c. dominance and character effects arising from scale; d. whether development on the adjoining site, such as a large building setback, location of outdoor living spaces, or separation by land used for vehicle access, reduces the need for protection of adjoining sites from overshadowing; e. whether there are alternative practical options for meeting the functional requirements of the building in a compliant manner; and f. the ability to mitigate any adverse effects of increased height or recession plane breaches through increased separation distances between the building and adjoining sites, the provision of landscaping, screening or any other methods.
RES-MD6	 Road boundary setback The effect of a building's reduced setback on amenity and visual streetscape values, especially where the frontage is to an arterial road or collector road that has a gateway function to a township. The extent to which the reduced setback of the building is opposite any Residential Zones, Rural Zones, or Open Space and Recreation Zones and the effects of a reduced setback on the amenity and outlook of those zones.

r	
	 The extent to which the building presents a visually attractive frontage to the street through the inclusion of glazing, ancillary offices, and showrooms in the front façade. The extent to which the visual effects of a reduced setback are mitigated through site frontage landscaping, the width of the road corridor, and the character of existing building setbacks in the wider streetscape.
RES-MD7	 Outdoor storage The extent of visual impacts of outdoor storage on the adjoining environment. The extent to which site constraints and/or the functional requirements of the activity necessitate the location of storage within the setback. The extent of the effects on the amenity values generated by the type and volume of materials to be stored. The extent to which any proposed landscaping or screening mitigates effects on amenity values of the outdoor storage.
RES-MD8	 Outdoor living space 1. The extent to which outdoor living spaces provide useable space and contribute to overall onsite spaciousness. 2. The extent to which the size and quality of communal outdoor space or other open space in the immediate vicinity of the residential unit compensates for the reduction in outdoor living space requirements. 3. The extent to which the retention of mature vegetation compensates for a reduction in outdoor living space provision by providing an alternative form of amenity for the site.
RES-MD9	 Impact of trees on neighbouring property 1. The extent the planting of trees will affect the amenity values or create shading on adjoining property.
RES-MD10	 Rural sales The extent to which the intensity and scale of the activity and built form is compatible with the character and amenity of the zone. The extent to which the activity may result in conflict and/or reverse sensitivity effects with other activities occurring on adjacent sites. Hours and days of operation and whether they are compatible with the residential zone. Access and vehicle movements on the site and the safety and efficiency of the roading network. For rural produce retail (excluding farmers' markets) whether the scale and intensity of the activity is appropriate on the site. The extent to which the adverse effects of the activity can be avoided, remedied or mitigated.
RES-MD11	 Housing of animals The extent to which the nature and scale of activity, including the number and type of animals is appropriate for the proposed site and the receiving environment. Any measures to internalise adverse effects and avoid conflict and potential reverse sensitivity effects on activities anticipated in the zone. The extent to which the activity, including any buildings, compounds or part of a site used for animals are sufficiently designed and located or separated from sensitive activities, residential units to avoid adverse effects on residents. The extent to which the nature and scale of the activity and built form will maintain residential character and amenity values.

	 The potential for the activity to produce adverse effects, including dust, noise, odour and any measures to internalise adverse effects within the site and any mitigation measures to address effects that cannot be internalised.
RES-MD12	 <u>The ability of the affected habitable room to receive natural light sunlight and daylight especially on the shortest day of the year.</u> <u>The extent to which habitable rooms have an outlook and the visual and landscape quality of that spacesense of space.</u> <u>The degree to which a reduction in outlook space would contribute to a visual perception of cramped living conditions.</u>³. <u>The extent to which visual privacy is provided between habitable rooms of different residential units, on the same site or adjacent sites.</u> <u>The extent to which the development provides additional outlook spaces from habitable rooms.</u>⁴
RES-MD13	 <u>Windows to street</u> <u>The extent to which the development engages with adjacent streets and any other adjacent public open spaces and contributes to them being lively, safe and attractive.</u> <u>The extent to which the development is designed to minimise the visual bulk of the buildings and provide visual interest, when viewed from the street.</u> <u>The extent to which the development incorporates CPTED principles as required to achieve a safe, secure environment.⁵</u>
RES-MD14	 Landscaped areas The extent to which the proposed landscaping enhances residential amenity and is integrated within the site design to: a. define and enhance on-site outdoor living spaces; b. reduce the visual impact of large buildings through screening and planting; c. screen service areas, loading areas, and outdoor storage areas from public vantage points; and d. mitigate the heat effects from intensification and impervious surfaces. 2. The extent to which the development incorporates CPTED principles as required to achieve a safe, secure environment.⁶ 3. The effects on the permeability of the site for stormwater run-off and subsequent effects on adjoining sites.⁷
RES-MD15	Effects from gualifying matters - airport noise 1. The extent to which effects, as a result of the sensitivity of activities to current and future noise generation from aircraft, are proposed to be managed, including avoidance of any effect that may limit the operation, maintenance or upgrade of Christchurch International Airport. ⁸
RES-MD16	Effects from qualifying matters - natural hazards 1. <u>The setting of minimum floor levels, minimum land levels and the predicted</u> <u>sea water and other inundation that will occur on the site.</u>

³ Kainga Ora [V1 80.53] ⁴ Kainga Ora [V1 80.53]

- ⁵ V1 as notified
- ⁶ Kainga Ora [V1 80.55] ⁷ V1 as notified

⁸ Kainga Ora [V1 80.21]

	 The frequency at which any proposed building or addition is predicted to be damaged and the extent of damage likely to occur in such an event, including taking into account the building material and design proposed; the anticipated life of the building, whether the building is relocatable, and for redevelopments, the extent to which overall risk will change as a result of the proposal. The extent to which site access will be compromised in a natural hazard event and any alternative access provided. The extent to which the proposal causes flood water displacement or flow path disruption onto other sites. The extent to which any flood mitigation measures are proposed, their effectiveness and environmental effects, and any benefits to the wider area associated with flood management. The extent to which the proposal relies on Council infrastructure and the risks to that infrastructure from natural hazards, including taking into account maintenance and repair costs that might fall on the wider community. The extent to which there are any positive effects from a reduction in floor levels in relation to neighbouring buildings or the streetscape.⁹
RES-MD17	Building Coverage
	1. Effects on visual amenity values, including dominance, and the compatibility with the anticipated built form of the surrounding receiving environment. 2. Provision of adequate outdoor living space on site. ¹⁰¹¹
RES-MD18	Effects from qualifying matters – road and rail setbacks
	 <u>Effects of noise</u> <u>Effects on visual amenity values</u> <u>Effects on safety¹²</u>

- ⁹ V1 as notified ¹⁰ V1 as notified

 ¹¹ Kainga Ora 80.58
 ¹² Kiwirail [V1 51.1,51.2,51.3,51.4,51.5]

NCZ - Neighbourhood Centre Zone

Introduction

The purpose of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone is to provide for the smallest commercial centres in the District.

The provisions in this chapter are consistent with the matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters -Strategic Directions and give effect to matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters - Urban Form and Development.

As well as the provisions in this chapter, district wide chapter provisions will also apply where relevant.

Objectives		
NCZ-O1	Neighbourhood Centre Zone activities Neighbourhood Centres:	
	 provide for a range of activities and scale that directly support the immediate or nearby residential neighbourhood; do not provide for development that results in significant adverse effects on adversely affect¹ the role and function of Town and Local Centres, nor undermine investment in their public amenities and facilities; and amenity values are managed within the zone and at the interface with adjacent Residential Zones. 	
Policies		
NCZ-P1	Design and integration	
	 Within Neighbourhood Centres: 1. enable a limited range of convenience activities that provide for the immediate residential neighbourhood and do not result in significant adverse effects on adversely affect² the role and function of Town and Local Centres; 2. enable a range of Centre sizes that generally comprise up to 450m² total floor space and up to five shops with a maximum retail tenancy of 350m² GFA;³ 3. ensure activities are accessible by walking and cycling from the area served; and 4. adverse amenity effects are managed within the zone and at the interface with neighbouring⁴ more sensitive zones-; and 5. enable above ground floor residential activity.⁵ 	

Activity Rules

How to interpret and apply the rules

¹ Woolworths [282.11]

² Woolworths [282.12]

³ Woolworths [282.146 and 282.12] and Kāinga Ora [325.284].

⁴ Kāinga Ora [325.284]

⁵ Kāinga Ora [325.284]

- This chapter includes definitions covered by the Definitions Nesting table included in the Interpretation chapter. The relationship between listed defined terms is set out in that table. Within that table, activities are listed with the more general activity on the left and the more specific activity on the right. For example, 'retail activities' is the more general activity which includes food and beverage, large format retail and bars and taverns as more specific activities. Those more specific components may also include furthermore specific activities. Where an activity table for an overlay, zone, district wide or precinct lists a general activity in a nesting table, that general activity includes all of the nested specific activities unless otherwise specified in that activity table.
- For example, if a rule covers 'retail activity' and there are no other retail rules in the chapter, then that rule covers all the different types of retail activity included under the definition of 'retail activity'. Conversely, if specific types of retail activity are separately listed, such as 'Food and Beverage' or 'large format retail' or 'supermarkets', then these more specific rules apply to the identified retail activity, rather than the general retail rule.⁶

NCZ-R1 Construction or alteration of or addition to any building or other structure		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity complies with all built form standards (as applicable).	Activity status when compliance not achieved: as set out in the relevant built form standards	
NCZ-R2 Public amenities		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R3 Emergency service facility		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R4 Retail activity, including supermarkets ⁷		
This rule does not apply to large format retail provid	ded for under NCZ-R19.	
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the maximum activity size shall be 200m ² GFA- <u>; or</u> <u>2. for supermarkets, the maximum activity</u> <u>size shall be less than 450m² GFA.⁸</u>	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development CMUZ-MD12 - Commercial activity distribution	
NCZ-R5 Commercial services		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the floor area of the activity shall be a maximum of 200m² GFA.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD12 - Commercial activity distribution	
NCZ-R6 Office		

⁷ Woolworths [282.146]

⁸ Woolworths [282.146 and 282.72]

Activity status: PER Where: 1. the floor area of the activity shall be a maximum 200m ² GFA.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD12 - Commercial activity distribution	
NCZ-R7 Gymnasium		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the floor area of the activity shall be a maximum of 200m² GFA.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development	
NCZ-R8 Residential unit		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. any residential activity shall be above the ground floor.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
NCZ-R9 Residential activity		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. any residential activity shall be above the ground floor.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
NCZ-R10 Recreation activities		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity is not a motorised recreation activity.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC	
NCZ-R11 Education activities ⁹		
Activity status: PER <u>Where:</u> 1. <u>the floor area of the activity shall be a</u> <u>maximum of 200m² GFA.</u>	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD12 - Commercial activity distribution	
NCZ-R124 Public transport facility		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R1 <u>3</u> 2 Entertainment activity		

⁹ Ministry of Education [277.52] for all of NCZ-R11.

Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R143 Visitor accommodation		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R1 <u>5</u> 4 Trade supplier		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R1 <u>6</u> 5 Yard-based activity		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R1 <u>7</u> ⁶ Any other activity not provided for in this zone as a permitted, controlled, restricted discretionary, discretionary, non-complying, or prohibited activity, except were expressly specified by a district wide provision.		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R1 <u>8</u> 7 Industrial activity		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R1 <mark>9</mark> 8 Heavy industry		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
NCZ-R <u>20</u> 19 Large format retail <u>This rule does not apply to supermarkets, which are covered under NCZ-R4.</u> ¹⁰		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	

Built Form Standards

NCZ-BFS1 Height	
 The maximum height of any building, calculated as per the height calculation, shall be 8<u>12¹¹</u>m above ground level. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS RDIS
	Matters of discretion are restricted to: <u>CMUZ-MD19 - Height</u> ¹²
NCZ-BFS2 Height in relation to boundary when adjoining residential zones, rural zones or open space and recreation zones	

¹⁰ Woolworths [282.146]

¹¹ V1 – RMA Schedule 1 Clause 99

¹² Kāinga Ora [325.288] for all NCZ-BFS1 changes.

 Where an internal boundary adjoins Residential Zones, Rural Zones, or Open Space and Recreation Zones, the height in relation to boundary for the adjoining zone shall apply. , and where specified sStructures shall not project beyond a building envelope defined by recession planes measuring 2.5m from ground level above any site boundary¹³ in accordance with the diagrams in Appendix APP3. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD4 - Height in relation to boundary Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
NCZ-BFS3 Internal boundary building setback		
 The minimum building setback from internal boundaries of site that adjoin any Residential Zones, Rural Zones, or Open Space and Recreation Zones shall be 3m. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD5 - Internal boundary setback Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
NCZ-BFS4 Internal boundary landscaping		
 Landscaping shall be provided along the full length of all internal boundaries with any residential or open space and recreation zones. This landscape strip shall be a minimum of 2m deep. Any landscape strip required in (1) shall include a minimum of one tree for every 10m of shared boundary or part thereof, spaced at a maximum distance of 5m, with the trees to be a minimum of 1.5m in height at time of planting. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD6 - Internal boundary landscaping Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
NCZ-BFS5 Road boundary landscaping		
 Where a site is not built to the road boundary, landscaping shall be provided along the full length of the road boundary, except for vehicle crossings, outdoor seating or dining areas, or where buildings are built to the road boundary under NCZ-BSF6. This landscape strip shall be a minimum of 2m deep. The landscape strip required in (1) shall include a minimum of one tree for every 10m of road frontage or part thereof, spaced at a maximum distance of 5m with the trees to be 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD8 - Road boundary landscaping Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	

¹³ Kainga Ora [325.289]

a minimum of 1.5m in height at time of	
planting.	
 NCZ-BFS6 Road boundary setback, glazing and 1. All buildings shall: a. be built to the road boundary; b. provide pedestrian access directly from the road boundary; c. have visually transparent glazing for a minimum of 60% of the ground floor elevation facing the street; d. have a verandah that extends along the full length of the building elevation facing the road; e. verandahs are to extend a minimum of 3m from the building façade; and f. verandahs are to be set back a minimum of 0.5m from the kerb line of a public road. This rule does not apply to pedestrian laneways. The minimum depth of 3m required under (5) may be reduced where necessary to comply 	verandah Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD7 - Road boundary setback, glazing and verandah Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.
with this rule. NCZ-BFS7 Rail boundary setback	
 All buildings shall be set back a minimum of 4m from any site boundary with the rail corridor. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD13 - Rail boundary setback Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified only to KiwiRail where the consent authority considers this is required, absent its written approval.
NCZ-BFS8 Outdoor storage areas	
 Any outdoor storage or parking¹⁴ areas shall be screened by 1.8m high solid fencing or dense hedge landscaping from any adjoining site in Rural Zones, Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, or Open Space and Recreation Zones or the road boundary. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD9 - Outdoor storage and waste management Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
NCZ-BFS9 Residential units	
1. The minimum net floor area (excluding garages, balconies, and any communal	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS

¹⁴ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.65]

 lobbies stairwells and plant rooms) per residential unit shall be: a. studio 35m²; b. one bedroom 45m²; c. two bedrooms 60m²; d. three or more bedrooms 90m². 2. Each residential unit shall be provided with a private outdoor living space with a minimum area of 6m² and a minimum dimension of 1.5m. 3. Where a garage is not provided with the residential unit, each residential unit shall have: a. an internal storage space that is a minimum of 4m³ and a minimum dimension of 1m; and b. a waste management area for the storage of rubbish and recycling of at least¹⁵ 5m² with a minimum dimension of 1.5m; and c. waste management areas shall be screened or located behind buildings when viewed from any road or public open space. 	Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD9 - Outdoor storage and waste management CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.	
NCZ-BFS10 Waste management requirement for	r all commercial activities	
 All commercial activities shall provide: a. a waste management area for the storage of rubbish and recycling of <u>at least</u>¹⁶ 5m² with a minimum dimension of 1.5m. b. waste management areas shall be screened or located behind buildings when viewed from any road or public open space. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD9 - Outdoor storage and waste management Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.	
NCZ-BFS11 Building coverage		
 The maximum building coverage shall be 55%. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved with: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD16 - Coverage Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	

EI-R51

Activities and development (other than earthworks) within a National Grid Yard

- ¹⁵ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2)
- ¹⁶ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2)
| All Zones | Activity status: DED | Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC |
|------------|---|---|
| All Zolles | Activity status: PER
Where: | Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC Notification |
| | <u>1. the activity is not a</u> | An application under this rule is precluded from being |
| | sensitive activity; | publicly notified, but may be limited notified only to |
| | 2. buildings or structures | Transpower NZ Ltd where the consent authority |
| | | • |
| | comply with NZECP34: | considers this is required, absent its written approval. |
| | 2001 and are: | |
| | a. for a network utility; | |
| | <u>or</u> | |
| | <u>b. a fence not</u> | |
| | exceeding 2.5m in | |
| | <u>height above</u> | |
| | ground level; or | |
| | <u>c. a non-habitable</u> | |
| | building or structure | |
| | used for agricultural | |
| | and horticultural | |
| | activities (including | |
| | irrigation) that is not: | |
| | i. <u>a milking shed/dairy</u> | |
| | shed (excluding the | |
| | stockyards and | |
| | ancillary platforms); | |
| | ii. <u>a wintering barn;</u> | |
| | iii. <u>a building for</u> | |
| | intensive indoor | |
| | primary production; ¹⁷
18 | |
| | iv. <u>a commercial</u> | |
| | greenhouse; or | |
| | v. produce packing | |
| | facilities; | |
| | d. building alterations | |
| | <u>or additions to an</u> | |
| | existing building or | |
| | structure that do not | |
| | increase the height | |
| | above ground level | |
| | or footprint of the | |
| | existing building or | |
| | <u>structure;</u> | |
| | 3. a building or structure | |
| | provided for by (2)(a) to (d) | |
| | <u>must:</u> | |
| | a. not be used for the | |
| | handling or storage | |
| | of hazardous | |
| | substances with | |
| | explosive or | |
| | flammable intrinsic | |
| | properties in greater | |
| | | |

¹⁷ Transpower [195.43].

¹⁸ Horticulture NZ [295.80].

<u>than domestic scale</u>	
guantities;	
b. not permanently	
obstruct existing	
vehicle access to a	
National Grid	
support structure;	
c. be located at least	
12m from the outer	
visible edge of a	
foundation of a	
National Grid	
support structure, except where it is a	
fence not exceeding	
2.5m height above	
ground level that is	
located at least 6m	
from the outer	
visible edge of a	
foundation of a	
National Grid	
support structure. ¹⁹	
1. the activities and	
development within a	
National Grid Yard in (a)	
to (i) below comply with	
the safe electrical	
clearance distances set	
out in the NZECP; and	
where the activities and	
development in (d) to (i)	
below are set back 12m	
from any National Grid	
support structure:	
a. network utilities (other	
than for the	
reticulation and	
storage of water in	
canals, dams or	
reservoirs including for	
irrigation purposes)	
undertaken by network	
utility operators;	
b. fences no greater than	
2.5m in height above	
ground level and no	
closer than 6m from	
the nearest National	
Grid support structure;	
c. artificial crop	
protection and support	

¹⁹ Transpower [195.43].



	 wintering barn, a building for intensive farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse; f. mobile irrigation equipment used for agricultural and horticultural activities; g. other than reticulation and storage of water in dams or reservoirs in (a) above, reticulation and storage of water for irrigation purposes provided that it does not permanently physically obstruct vehicular access to a National Grid support structure; h. building alteration and additions to an existing building or other structure that does not involve an increase in the height above ground level or footprint of the building or structure; and a building or structure where Transpower NZ Ltd has given written approval in accordance with clause 2.4.1 of the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances.²⁰ 	
All Zones	Activity status: NC Where:	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A ²¹
	1. activities and development within a National Grid Yard involve the following: a. any activity and development that permanently physically impedes vehicular	

²⁰ Transpower [195.43].

²¹ Transpower [195.43].

access to a National Grid support structure; b. any new building for a sensitive activity; c. any change of use to a sensitive activity or the establishment of a new sensitive activity; d. dairy/milking sheds or buildings for intensive	
farming or wintering barns; and e. any hazardous facility that involves the storage and handling of hazardous substances with explosive or	
flammable intrinsic properties within 12m of the centreline of a National Grid transmission line. Notification An application under this rule is precluded from being publicly	
notified, but may be limited notified only to Transpower NZ Ltd where the consent authority considers this is required, absent its written approval.Advisory Note • National Grid transmission I	lines are shown on the planning map.

EI-R56	Activities and development (other than earthworks or network utilities) adjacent to a 66kV or 33kV major ²² electricity distribution line	
All Zones	Activity status: NC Where: 1. <u>new, or expansion or</u> <u>extension of existing</u> , ²³ activities and development adjacent to a <u>66kV or 33kVmajor</u> ²⁴ electricity distribution line involve the following:	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A

²² Mainpower [249.94].

²³ Mainpower [249.95].

²⁴ Mainpower [249.94].

<u>a.</u> new <u>a.</u>	sensitive	
activity	and <u>or a</u> new	
building	s or	
structur	e ²⁵	
(exclud	ing accessory	
building	<mark>s)</mark> ²⁶ within	
6m ²⁷ of		
	ne of a <mark>66k∀</mark>	
or 33k\	⁴ major ²⁸	
	ity distribution	
	vithin 10m	
6m ²⁹ of	the visible	
outer e	dge of a ³⁰	
	ion of an	
associa	teda pole <u>, pi-</u>	
	or tower;	
andor		
a. b. does no	ot comply with	
	uirements of	
NZECF	34:2001	
New Ze	aland	
Electric	ity Code of	
Practic	e for	
Electric	ity Safe	
Distanc	es . ³²	
b. new fer	nces more	
than 2.	5m high and	
within 5	im of the	
visible	outer edge of	
a found	ation for a	
66kV o	∙ 33kV	
electric	ity distribution	
line, po	le or tower. ³³	
Notification		
An application under		
precluded from bein		
notified, but may be		
notified only to the		
electricity distribution		
operator where the		
authority considers	this is	

- ²⁵ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁶ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁷ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁸ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁹ Mainpower [249.94].
- ³⁰ Mainpower [249.94].
- ³¹ Mainpower [249.94].
- ³² Mainpower [249.94].
- ³³ Mainpower [249.94].

	uired, absent its written proval.	
Adv	 Vegetation to be planted an and managed to ensure tha Regulations 2003. The NZECP 34:2001 New 2 Distances contains restriction relation to electricity distribution. 	ty distribution lines are shown on the planning map. ound electricity distribution lines should be selected at it will not breach the Electricity (Hazards from Trees) Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe ons on the location of activities and development in ution lines. Activities and development in the vicinity of th NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Distances.

³⁴ Mainpower [249.94].

LCZ - Local Centre Zone

Introduction

The purpose of the Local Centre Zone is to provide for activities to support local communities and small settlements at a scale between neighbourhood centres and town centres.

The provisions in this chapter are consistent with the matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters -Strategic Directions and give effect to matters in Part 2 - District Wide Matters - Urban Form and Development.

As well as the provisions in this chapter, district wide chapter provisions will also apply where relevant.

Objectiv	es
LCZ-01	 Local Centre Zone activities Local Centres: are the focal point for a range of commercial, community and service activities at a smaller scale than Town Centres to provide for the daily/weekly shopping needs of the local residential or nearby rural area, including enabling a range of convenience activities; activities do not provide for development that results in significant adversely affect effects on¹ the role and function of Town Centres; and amenity values are managed within the zone and at the interface with adjacent residential zones.
Policies	
LCZ-P1	 Design and integration Within Local Centres: enable commercial, community, convenience and service activities that provide for the daily/weekly shopping needs of the local residential or nearby rural catchment and do not adversely affect result in significant adverse effects on² the role and function of Town Centres, nor undermine investment in their public amenities and facilities; enable a range of Local Centres which, excluding the Woodend Local Centre, generally comprise 1,000m² to 4,000m² total floor space and up to 15 shops with a maximum retail tenancy of 350m² GFA;³ ensure Local Centres are integrated into the transport system to promote efficient safe and accessible modal choice, and manage adverse effects on the operation of the transport system; and adverse amenity effects are managed within the zone and at the interface with neighbouring more sensitive zones.; and ⁴

¹ Woolworths [282.13]

² Woolworths [282.14]

³ Woolworths [282.14], Kāinga Ora [325.300] and Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.56].

⁴ Kāinga Ora [325.300]

⁵ Kāinga Ora [325.300]

Activity Rules

How to interpret and apply the rules

- <u>This chapter includes definitions covered by the Definitions Nesting table included in the Interpretation chapter</u>. The relationship between listed defined terms is set out in that table. Within that table, activities are listed with the more general activity on the left and the more specific activity on the right. For example, 'retail activities' is the more general activity which includes food and beverage, large format retail and bars and taverns as more specific activities. Those more specific components may also include further more specific activities. Where an activity table for an overlay, zone, district wide or precinct lists a general activity in a nesting table, that general activity includes all of the nested specific activities unless otherwise specified in that activity table.
- For example, if a rule covers 'retail activity' and there are no other retail rules in the chapter, then that rule covers all the different types of retail activity included under the definition of 'retail activity'. Conversely, if specific types of retail activity are separately listed, such as 'Food and Beverage' or 'large format retail' or 'supermarkets', then these more specific rules apply to the identified retail activity, rather than the general retail rule.⁶

LCZ-R1 Construction or alteration of or addition to any building or other structure		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity complies with: a. all built form standards (as applicable); and b. the building or addition is less than 450m ² GFA.	Activity status when compliance not achieved with LCZ-R1(1)(a): as set out in the relevant built form standards Activity status when compliance not achieved with LCZ-R1(1)(b): RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD3 - Urban design	
LCZ-R2 Public amenities		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R3 Emergency service facility		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R4 Retail activity		
 Activity status: PER Where: 1. the floor area of the activity shall be within the following maximum GFA limits: a. within Woodend there is no limit; b. for Mandeville, the maximum gross retail area for all retail activities in the zone shall be 2700m²; 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development CMUZ-MD12 - Commercial activity distribution	

⁶ Woolworths [282.132] and Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.58]

	1	
c. for all other sites the activity shall be a maximum of 300m ² GFA <u>, or 1000m² for supermarkets</u> ⁷ .		
LCZ-R5 Commercial activity		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R6 Commercial services		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R7 Office		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the floor area of the activity shall be a maximum of 300m ² GFA.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development CMUZ-MD12 - Commercial activity distribution	
LCZ-R8 Gymnasium		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R9 Residential unit		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. any residential activity shall be above the ground floor.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
LCZ-R10 Residential activity		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. any residential activity shall be above the ground floor.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.	
LCZ-R11 Community facility		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R12 Visitor accommodation		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	

⁷ Woolworths [282.71, 282.13 and 282.145].

LCZ-R13 Cultural facility		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R14 Educational facility		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R15 Health care facility		
Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R16 Food and beverage outlet		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the floor area of the activity shall be within the following maximum GFA limits: a. within Woodend there is no limit; b. for all other sites the activity shall be a maximum of <u>300500</u> m ² GFA. ⁸	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development CMUZ-MD12 - Commercial activity distribution	
LCZ-R17 Entertainment activity		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the floor area of the activity shall be within the following maximum GFA limits: a. within Woodend there is no limit; b. for all other sites the activity shall be a maximum of 300m ² GFA.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development	
LCZ-R18 Drive through restaurants		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the restaurant shall not be located within 30m of any Residential Zones.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD2 - Drive through restaurants and service stations	
LCZ-R19 Service Station		
Activity status: PER Where:1. the service station shall not be located within 30m of any Residential Zones.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD2 - Drive through restaurants and service stations	
LCZ-R20 Recreation activities		
Activity status: PER Where: 1. the activity is not a motorised recreation activity.	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC	

⁸ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.60]

LCZ-R21 Trade supplier		
Activity status: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD1 - Trade suppliers and Yard based suppliers	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R22 Yard-based activity		
Activity status: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD1 - Trade suppliers and Yard based suppliers	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R23 Parking lot and Parking building		
Activity status: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD18 - Parking lots and Parking buildings	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R24 Any other activity not provided for in this zone as a permitted, controlled, restricted discretionary, discretionary, non-complying, or prohibited activity, except were expressly specified by a district wide provision.		
Activity status: DIS	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R25 Industrial activity		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	
LCZ-R26 Heavy industry		
Activity status: NC	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A	

Built Form Standards

LCZ-BFS1 Height	
1. The maximum height of any building, calculated as per the height calculation, shall	Activity status when compliance not achieved: DIS RDIS
be <mark>10<u>12</u>º</mark> m above ground level.	Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD19 - Height ¹⁰
LCZ-BFS2 Height in relation to boundary when adjoining residential zones, rural zones or open space and recreation zones	
 Where an internal boundary adjoins Residential Zones, Rural Zones or Open Space and Recreation Zones, the height in relation to boundary for the adjoining zone 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD4 - Height in relation to boundary

⁹ V1 – RMA Schedule 1 Clause 99

¹⁰ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.610], Kāinga Ora [325.304] and Templeton Group Ltd [412.22] for all changes to LCZ-BFS1.

shall apply. , and where specified s Structures shall not project beyond a building envelope defined by recession planes measuring 2.5m from ground level above any site boundary ¹¹ in accordance with the diagrams in Appendix APP3.	Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
LCZ-BFS3 Internal boundary setback	
 The minimum building setback from internal boundaries of sites that adjoin Residential Zones, Rural Zones, or Open Space and Recreation Zones shall be 3m. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD5 - Internal boundary setback Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
LCZ-BFS4 Internal boundary landscaping	
 Landscaping shall be provided along the full length of all internal boundaries that adjoins Residential Zones, Rural Zones, or Open Space and Recreation Zones. This landscape strip shall be a minimum of 2m deep. Any landscape strip required in (1) shall include a minimum of one tree for every 10m or part thereof, spaced at a maximum distance of 5m of shared boundary, with the trees to be a minimum of 1.5m in height at time of planting. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD6 - Internal boundary landscaping Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
LCZ-BFS5 Road boundary landscaping	
 Where a site <u>does not have a building is not</u> built <u>along the entire</u> to a road boundary, landscaping shall be provided along the <u>full</u> length of the road boundary <u>not occupied by</u> <u>building</u>,¹² except for vehicle crossings, outdoor seating or dining areas. This landscape strip shall be a minimum of 2m deep. The landscape strip required in (1) shall include a minimum of one tree for every 10m of road frontage or part thereof, spaced at a maximum distance of 5m, with the trees to be a minimum of 1.5m in height at time of planting. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD8 - Road boundary landscaping Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
LCZ-BFS6 Road boundary setback, glazing and verandah	

¹¹ Kainga Ora [325.305]

¹² RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2) and Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.64].

 All buildings shall: a. be built to the road boundary; b. provide pedestrian access directly from the road boundary; c. have visually transparent glazing for a minimum of 60% of the ground floor elevation facing the road; d. have a verandah that extends along the full length of the building elevation facing the road; e. verandahs are to extend a minimum of 3m from the building façade; and f. verandahs are to be set back a minimum of 0.5m from the kerb line of a public road. This rule does not apply to pedestrian laneways. The minimum depth of 3m required under (e) may be reduced where necessary to comply with this rule. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD7 - Road boundary setback, glazing and verandah Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
LCZ-BFS7 Rail boundary setback	
 All buildings shall be set back a minimum of 4m from any site boundary with the rail corridor. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD13 - Rail boundary setback Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified only to KiwiRail where the consent authority considers this is required, absent its written approval.
LCZ-BFS8 Outdoor storage areas	
 Any outdoor storage or parking¹³ areas shall be screened by 1.8m high solid fencing or dense hedge landscaping from any adjoining site in Residential Zones, Rural Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones or Open Space and Recreation Zones or the road boundary. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD9 - Outdoor storage and waste management Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
LCZ-BFS9 Residential units	
 The minimum net floor area (excluding garages, balconies, and any communal lobbies stairwells and plant rooms) per residential unit shall be: a. studio 35m²; b. one bedroom 45m²; c. two bedroom 60m²; 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD9 - Outdoor storage and waste management CMUZ-MD11 - Residential development Notification

¹³ Bellgrove Rangiora Ltd [408.65].

 d. three or more bedrooms 90m². 2. Each residential unit shall be provided with a private outdoor living space with a minimum area of 6m² and a minimum dimension of 1.5m. 3. Where a garage is not provided with the residential unit, each residential unit shall have: a. an internal storage space that is a minimum of 4m³ and a minimum dimension of 1m; and b. a waste management area for the storage of rubbish and recycling of at least¹⁴ 5m² with a minimum dimension of 1.5m; and c. waste management areas shall be screened or located behind buildings when viewed from any read or public 	An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.
when viewed from any road or public open space.	
LCZ-BFS10 Waste management requirements for	or all commercial activities
 All commercial activities shall provide: a. a waste management area for the storage of rubbish and recycling of <u>at</u> <u>least</u>¹⁵ 5m² with a minimum dimension of 1.5m. b. waste management areas shall be screened or located behind buildings when viewed from any road or public open space. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD9 - Outdoor storage and waste management Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.
LCZ-BFS11 Building coverage	
 The maximum building coverage shall be 55%. 	Activity status when compliance not achieved with: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD16 - Coverage Notification An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
LCZ-BFS12 Mandeville North	
 Development in the zone shall meet the following requirements: a. any outdoor storage area for the temporary or permanent storage of goods shall not be located within any required structure setbacks or 	Activity status when compliance not achieved: RDIS Matters of discretion are restricted to: CMUZ-MD17 - Mandeville North Business Area Notification

¹⁴ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2)

¹⁵ RMA Schedule 1 Clause 16(2)

 landscaping areas; b. landscaping, footpath, and Mandeville Road access design shall occur: i. for a minimum depth of 2m, with a minimum average depth of 4m along the length of the Tram Road boundary except for the vehicle entrance locations, including: a. trees to be capable of reaching a minimum height of 8m; b. a minimum of one tree per 10m of road boundary frontage; and c. a maximum tree spacing of 15m. ii. by a landscaping strip between the vehicle accessway linking Mandeville Road and the southeastern boundary with a minimum depth of 950mm. iii. by a landscaping strip with a minimum width of 6m. iv. by a landscaping strip with a minimum width of 6m. iv. by a landscaping strip with a minimum width of 6m. iv. by a landscaping strip with a minimum width of 1.7m between the vehicle accessway linking Mandeville Road and the proposed footpath, which shall be planted with specimen trees, capable of reaching a height of 3m, planted at maximum intervals of 10m. v. as a 3m wide footpath adjacent to the north-western boundary; c. the site shall be fenced to prevent pedestrian access from and onto Tram Road; d. any building shall be finished to achieve a light reflectance value of less than 45%; 	An application for a restricted discretionary activity under this rule is precluded from being publicly notified, but may be limited notified.
d. any building shall be finished to achieve a light reflectance value of less than	
 e. within the car parking area, there shall be a minimum of one tree, planted for every 10 parking spaces provided; 	
f. any access from Tram Road shall be formed to prevent right hand turn vehicle movements from Tram Road.	
Advisory Note	

• For the avoidance of doubt, where an Activity or Built Form Standard is in conflict with this specific rule, this specific rule shall substitute the provision.

EI-R51	Activities and development (other than earthworks) within a National Grid Yard	
All Zones	Activity status: PER	Activity status when compliance not achieved: NC

Where:	Notification
<u>1. the activity is not a</u>	An application under this rule is precluded from being
sensitive activity;	publicly notified, but may be limited notified only to
2. buildings or structures	Transpower NZ Ltd where the consent authority
comply with NZECP34:	considers this is required, absent its written approval.
2001 and are:	
a. for a network utility;	
<u>or</u>	
<u>b. a fence not</u>	
exceeding 2.5m in	
height above	
ground level; or	
c. a non-habitable	
building or structure	
used for agricultural	
and horticultural	
activities (including	
irrigation) that is not:	
i. a milking shed/dairy	
shed (excluding the	
stockyards and	
ancillary platforms);	
ii. <u>a wintering barn;</u>	
iii. <u>a building for</u>	
intensive indoor	
primary production; ¹⁶	
17	
iv. <u>a commercial</u>	
greenhouse; or	
v. produce packing	
facilities;	
d. building alterations	
<u>or additions to an</u>	
existing building or	
structure that do not	
increase the height	
above ground level	
or footprint of the	
existing building or	
<u>structure;</u>	
<u>3. a building or structure</u>	
provided for by (2)(a) to (d)	
<u>must:</u>	
a. not be used for the	
handling or storage	
of hazardous	
substances with	
explosive or	
flammable intrinsic	
properties in greater	
than domestic scale	
quantities;	
<u>quantition</u>	

¹⁶ Transpower [195.43].

¹⁷ Horticulture NZ [295.80].

b. not permanently	
obstruct existing	
vehicle access to a	
National Grid	
support structure;	
c. be located at least	
12m from the outer	
visible edge of a	
foundation of a	
National Grid	
support structure,	
except where it is a	
fence not exceeding	
2.5m height above	
ground level that is	
located at least 6m	
from the outer	
visible edge of a	
foundation of a	
National Grid	
support structure. ¹⁸	
development within a	
National Grid Yard in (a)	
to (i) below comply with	
the safe electrical	
clearance distances set	
out in the NZECP; and	
where the activities and	
development in (d) to (i)	
below are set back 12m	
from any National Grid	
support structure:	
a. network utilities (other	
than for the	
reticulation and	
storage of water in	
canals, dams or	
reservoirs including for	
irrigation purposes)	
undertaken by network	
utility operators;	
b. fences no greater than	
2.5m in height above	
ground level and no	
closer than 6m from	
the nearest National	
Grid support structure;	
c. artificial crop	
protection and support	
structures between 8m	
and 12m from a single	

¹⁸ Transpower [195.43].

	pole or pi-pole and	
	any associated guy	
	wire (but not a tower)	
	that:	
	i. meets the	
	requirements of	
	the NZECP	
	34:2001 New	
	Zealand	
	Electricity Code	
	of Practice for	
	Electricity Safe	
	Distances for	
	separation	
	distances from	
	the conductor:	
	ii. is a maximum of	
	2.5m in height	
	above ground	
	level;	
	iii. is removable or	
	temporary, to	
	allow clear	
	working space	
	12m from the	
	pole when	
	necessary for	
	maintenance and	
	emergency repair	
	purposes;	
	iv. allows all weather	
	access to the	
	pole and a	
	sufficient area for	
	maintenance	
	equipment,	
	including a crane;	
	d. any new non-habitable	
	building less than	
	2.5m in height above	
	ground level and 10m ²	
	in floor area;	
	e. non-habitable	
	buildings or structures	
	used for agricultural	
	and horticultural	
	activities, provided	
	they are not a milking	
	shed/dairy shed	
	(excluding the	
	stockyards and	
	ancillary platforms), a	
	wintering barn, a	
	building for intensive	
L		

	farming activities, or a commercial greenhouse; f. mobile irrigation equipment used for agricultural and horticultural activities; g. other than reticulation and storage of water in dams or reservoirs in (a) above, reticulation and storage of water for irrigation purposes provided that it does not permanently physically obstruct vehicular access to a National Grid support structure; h. building alteration and additions to an existing building or other structure that does not involve an increase in the height above ground level or footprint of the building or structure; and a. a building or structure where Transpower NZ Ltd has given written approval in accordance with clause 2.4.1 of the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances. ¹⁹	
All Zones	Activity status: NC Where:	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A ²⁰
	 activities and development within a National Grid Yard involve the following: a. any activity and development that permanently physically impedes vehicular access to a National Grid support structure; 	

¹⁹ Transpower [195.43].

²⁰ Transpower [195.43].

b. any new building for a	
sensitive activity;	
c. any change of use to a	
sensitive activity or the	
establishment of a	
new sensitive activity;	
d. dairy/milking sheds or	
buildings for intensive	
farming or wintering	
barns; and	
e. any hazardous facility	
that involves the	
storage and handling	
of hazardous	
substances with	
explosive or	
flammable intrinsic	
properties within 12m	
of the centreline of a	
National Grid	
transmission line.	
Notification	
An application under this rule is	
precluded from being publicly	
notified, but may be limited	
notified only to Transpower NZ	
Ltd where the consent authority	
considers this is required, absent	
its written approval.	
Advisory Note	
-	lines are shown on the planning map.
-	

EI-R56	Activities and development (other than earthworks or network utilities) adjacent to a 66kV or 33kV major ²¹ electricity distribution line	
All Zones	Activity status: NC Where: 1. <u>new, or expansion or</u> <u>extension of existing</u> , ²² activities and development adjacent to a 66kV or 33kVmajor ²³ electricity distribution line involve the following: <u>a. new a</u> sensitive activity and <u>or a</u> new building s <u>or</u>	Activity status when compliance not achieved: N/A

²¹ Mainpower [249.94].

²² Mainpower [249.95].

²³ Mainpower [249.94].

	structure ²⁴	
	(excluding accessory	
	buildings) ²⁵ within	
	<u>6m</u> ² ⁶ of the centreline of a 66k∨	
	or 33kVmajor ²⁷	
	electricity distribution	
	line or within 10m	
	$6m^{28}$ of the visible	
	outer edge of a ²⁹	
	foundation of an	
	associated a pole <u>, pi-</u>	
	pole ³⁰ or tower;	
	andor	
é	a. <u>b. does not comply with</u>	
	the requirements of	
	NZECP 34:2001	
	<u>New Zealand</u>	
	Electricity Code of Practice for	
	Electricity Safe	
	Distances. ³¹	
4	b. new fences more	
	than 2.5m high and	
	within 5m of the	
	visible outer edge of	
	a foundation for a	
	66kV or 33kV	
	electricity distribution	
	line, pole or tower. ³²	
Notifica	tion	
	ication under this rule is	
	ed from being publicly	
	but may be limited	
	only to the relevant	
	ty distribution line	
	r where the consent	
	y considers this is	
-	l, absent its written	
approva	ll.	
Advisor	ry Notes	

- ²⁴ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁵ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁶ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁷ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁸ Mainpower [249.94].
- ²⁹ Mainpower [249.94].
- ³⁰ Mainpower [249.94].
- ³¹ Mainpower [249.94].
- ³² Mainpower [249.94].

 66kV/33kV Major³³ electricity distribution lines are shown on the planning map. Vegetation to be planted around electricity distribution lines should be selected and managed to ensure that it will not breach the Electricity (Hazards from Trees) Regulations 2003.
 The NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances contains restrictions on the location of activities and development in relation to electricity distribution lines. Activities and development in the vicinity of these lines must comply with NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electricity Code of Practice for Electricity Safe Distances.

³³ Mainpower [249.94].